NYSDOH Pediatric Sepsis and COVID-19 Data Dictionary

Digitalized Data Collection, D1.1

Version (Digital) D1.1

November 22, 2021

This dictionary includes the administrative codes found in the Appendices in a CSV format available for download to assist in data extraction.

The most recent version of this document, the *Frequently Asked Questions* document, the *Table of Elements* data template, and the instructions may be found at: https://ny.sepsis.ipro.org

Questions regarding this document should be submitted at: https://ny.sepsis.ipro.org/support

Changes from version D1.0 to D1.1 are highlighted in yellow.

Prepared by:
Office of Quality and Patient Safety
New York State Department of Health
Revised November 22, 2021

Table of Contents

K	Key points to remember during data extraction		
r	nclusion Definition10		
D	Demographic Variables12		
	Admission Datetime	13	
	Arrival Datetime	14	
	Date of Birth	16	
	Discharge Datetime	17	
	Discharge Status	18	
	Ethnicity	20	
	Facility Identifier	21	
	Gender	22	
	ICD-10-CM Code (n)	23	
	ICD-10-CM POA Indicator (n)	24	
	Insurance Number	25	
	Medical Record Number	26	
	Other Payer	27	
	Patient Control Number	28	
	Patient Zip Code of Residence	29	
	Payer	30	
	Race	31	
	Source of Admission	32	
	Transferred In	33	
	Transferred Out	34	
	Transfer Facility Identifier Receiving	35	
	Transfer Facility Identifier Sending	36	
	Transfer Facility Name Receiving	37	
	Transfer Facility Name Sending	38	
	Unique Personal Identifier		
C	omorbidity/Risk Factor Variables	40	
	Acute Cardiovascular Conditions (POA)	41	

Acquired Absent Spleen (POA)	42
Adrenal Gland Disorder (POA)	43
AIDS/HIV Disease (POA)	44
Altered Mental Status (POA)	45
Asthma <mark>(POA)</mark>	46
Bronchopulmonary Dysplasia (POA)	47
Chronic Liver Disease (POA)	48
Chronic Renal Failure (POA)	49
Chronic Respiratory Failure (POA)	50
Coagulopathy (POA)	51
Congestive Heart Failure (POA)	52
Cystic Fibrosis (POA)	53
Diabetes (POA)	54
Dialysis Comorbidity (POA)	55
History of COVID -19 (POA)	56
History of COVID-19 (POA) Datetime	57
History of Other Cardiovascular Disease (POA)	58
Hypertension (POA)	59
Immunocompromising (POA)	60
Kawasaki/Mucocutaneous Lymph Node Syndrome	61
Lymphoma Leukemia Multiple Myeloma (POA)	62
Mechanical Ventilation Comorbidity (POA)	63
Medication Anticoagulation (POA)	64
Medication Immune Modifying (POA)	65
Metastatic Cancer (POA)	66
Neutropenic Patients (POA)	67
Obesity (POA)	68
Patient Care Considerations	69
Patient Care Considerations Date	70
Pregnancy Comorbidity (POA)	71
Pregnancy Status During Hospitalization	72
Prematurity (POA)	73
Sickle Cell Disease (POA)	

Skin Disorders/Burns <mark>(POA)</mark>	75
Smoking Vaping <mark>(POA)</mark>	76
Stem Cell Transplant Recipients (POA)	77
Clinical Variables	78
COVID-19 Exposure	79
COVID-19 Virus	80
Drug Resistant Pathogen	81
Flu Positive	82
Suspected Source of Infection	83
Treatment (<mark>in hospital</mark>) Variables	84
Dialysis Treatment	85
During Hospital Anticoagulation	86
During Hospital Immune Modifying Medication	87
During Hospital Remdesivir	88
ECMO	89
High Flow Nasal Cannula	90
IVIG	91
Mechanical Ventilation Treatment	92
Non-Invasive Positive Pressure Ventilation	93
Vasopressor Administration	94
Outcome (at discharge) Variables	95
Cardiovascular Outcomes at Discharge	96
Dialysis Outcome	97
Mechanical Ventilation Outcome	98
Neurological Outcome	99
Outcome (<mark>in hospital</mark>) Variables	100
Cardiovascular Outcomes in Hospital	101
ICU During Hospitalization	102
PE/DVT	103
Severity Variables	104
aPTT 1	105
aPTT 2	105
aPTT 3	105

aPTT Max	105
aPTT Datetime 1	107
aPTT Datetime 2	107
aPTT Datetime 3	107
aPTT Datetime Max	107
Bilirubin Arrival	109
Bilirubin Max	109
Bilirubin Arrival Datetime	111
Bilirubin Max Datetime	111
Creatinine Arrival	113
Creatinine Max	113
Creatinine Arrival Datetime	115
Creatinine Max Datetime	115
Diastolic First	117
Diastolic Second	117
Diastolic Third	117
Diastolic Min	117
Diastolic First Datetime 1	119
Diastolic Second Datetime 2	119
Diastolic Third Datetime 3	119
Diastolic Datetime Min	119
INR 1	121
INR 2	121
INR 3	121
INR Max	121
INR Datetime 1	123
INR Datetime 2	123
INR Datetime 3	123
INR Datetime Max	123
Lactate Level 1	125
Lactate Level 2	125
Lactate Level 3	125
Lactate Level Max	125

Lactate Level Datetime 1	127
Lactate Level Datetime 2	127
Lactate Level Datetime 3	127
Lactate Level Datetime Max	127
Organ Dysfunction Cardiovascular	129
Organ Dysfunction CNS	130
Organ Dysfunction Hematologic	131
Organ Dysfunction Hepatic	132
Organ Dysfunction Renal	133
Organ Dysfunction Respiratory	134
Platelets 1	135
Platelets 2	135
Platelets 3	135
Platelets Min	135
Platelets Datetime 1	137
Platelets Datetime 2	137
Platelets Datetime 3	137
Platelets Datetime Min	137
SIRS Heart Rate 1	139
SIRS Heart Rate 2	139
SIRS Heart Rate 2	139
SIRS Heart Rate Max	139
SIRS Heart Rate Datetime 1	141
SIRS Heart Rate Datetime 2	141
SIRS Heart Rate Datetime 3	141
SIRS Heart Rate Datetime Max	141
SIRS Leukocyte Arrival	143
SIRS Leukocyte Min	143
SIRS Leukocyte Max	143
SIRS Leukocyte Arrival Datetime	145
SIRS Leukocyte Min Datetime	145
SIRS Leukocyte Max Datetime	145
SIRS Respiratory Rate 1	147

SIRS Respiratory Rate 2	147	
SIRS Respiratory Rate 3	147	
SIRS Respiratory Rate Max	147	
SIRS Respiratory Rate Datetime 1	149	
SIRS Respiratory Rate Datetime 2	149	
SIRS Respiratory Rate Datetime 3	149	
SIRS Respiratory Rate Datetime Max	149	
SIRS Temperature 1	151	
SIRS Temperature 2	151	
SIRS Temperature 3	151	
SIRS Temperature Max	151	
SIRS Temperature Datetime 1	153	
SIRS Temperature Datetime 2	153	
SIRS Temperature Datetime 3	153	
SIRS Temperature Datetime Max	153	
Systolic First	155	
Systolic Second	155	
Systolic Third	155	
Systolic Min	155	
Systolic First Datetime 1	157	
Systolic Second Datetime 2	157	
Systolic Third Datetime 3	157	
Systolic Datetime Min	157	
Change Log159		

Key points to remember during data extraction

The New York State Department of Health (NYSDOH) is seeking the collection of data for inpatient admissions with severe sepsis, septic shock, and/or COVID-19 as defined by the case *inclusion definition* provided on the following page of this dictionary.

Data for all patients under 21 years of age at the time of admission and meet the case *inclusion definition*, are to be reported into the pediatric NYSDOH database. This excludes non-discharged newborn patients, and patients evaluated only in the ED or Observation but never admitted. Patient age at admission should be used to determine reporting to the adult or the pediatric database.

When using the appendices for the identification of relevant ICD-10-CM codes, be sure to capture any code (ICD-10-CM) in any position at any point during hospitalization unless otherwise indicated in the variable directions.

Most variables are required but there are some exceptions such as *Transfer Facility Identifier Receiving* and *Transfer Facility Identifier Sending* which are situational. For transfer data elements we recognize that your hospital EHR may not have Transfer Facility Identifier Receiving/Sending but may have Transer Facility Name Receiving/Sending. Please report all data you have regarding transfers.

Hospitals that have within hospital transfer patients (i.e., patient transferred from one unit to another within the same hospital) should report the case as it is collected in the EHR. For example, if your EHR represents a patient transferred from a rehab unit to an acute care unit as a combined record in your EHR, please report this episode of care as one record, even if two separate bills are generated for the rehab and the inpatient admission. If there are two separate records in the EHR, please submit it as two separate cases if inclusion criteria are met for each case. Be sure to use the appropriate discharge disposition to accurately represent the case.

This data dictionary has been designed to eliminate the need for manual chart abstraction and to permit hospitals to utilize their information technology staff and electronic medical record systems to extract the necessary data. This data will be accepted into the current portal in a flat file format following existing procedures which may be found at https://ny.sepsis.ipro.org/.

A CSV file for the codes found in the appendices is provided separately. Each CSV file contains three columns: the codes of one variable/data element in appendices, the corresponding code description, and the subcategory if applicable.

ICD-10-CM CODE	ICD-10-CM CODE DESCRIPTION	Subcategory
12101	ST elevation (STEMI) myocardial infarction	MI
	involving left main coronary artery	

12102	ST elevation (STEMI) myocardial infarction MI	
	involving left anterior descending coronary	
	artery	

Please note that data elements with multiple selections (more than Yes/No) will have values/contents in the subcategory column in the CSV files, for example *Acute Cardiovascular Conditions*. In general, the naming convention for CSV files is TemplateVariable_code_Version. For example:

• asthma_code_VerD1.1.csv

When the CSV files are for NDC codes of medications, ndc is added in the naming convention. For example:

medication_anticoagulation_ndc_code_VerD1.1.csv

Inclusion Definition

Unlike the adult database, the pediatric database only includes inpatient admissions with severe sepsis, septic shock, and/or COVID-19. This excludes non-discharged newborn patients, and patients evaluated only in the ED or Observation but never admitted. Hospitals should include admissions as defined by the ICD-10-CM codes delineated below.

The NYSDOH is identifying the (denominator) population of cases for inclusion into the database using ICD-10-CM codes. Hospitals may use all sources of data for case inclusion (electronic medical record codes as well as administrative and billing codes); however, cases should only be reported if one of the below inclusion codes is a final diagnosis. This will allow for electronic identification of cases. The ICD-10-CM code-based definition for identifying the severe sepsis/septic shock and COVID-19 patient population for abstraction includes the following codes which are presented in Tables A and B. Cases with codes in either table are to be reported.

Hospitals will report cases where criteria are met by:

- At least one code in Table A; OR
- At least one code in Table B

Examples:

- Patient with Code T8112XA and no other code from Table A or Table B is reported.
- Patient with Code U072 and no other code from Table A or Table B is reported.

Table A: Severe sepsis and/or septic shock inclusion ICD-10-CM codes

Severe Sepsis/Septic Shock	
ICD-10-CM	Description
R6520	Severe sepsis without septic shock
R6521	Severe sepsis with septic shock
T8112XA	Post procedural septic shock, initial encounter

OR

Table B: COVID-19 inclusion ICD-10-CM codes

COVID-19		
ICD-10-CM	Description	Туре
U071	COVID-19, virus identified	COVID-19
U072	COVID-19, virus not identified (Clinically-epidemiologically diagnosed COVID-19)	COVID-19
J1282	Pneumonia due to coronavirus disease 2019 *The code J1282 is effective as of January 1, 2021	COVID-19

COVID-19		
ICD-10-CM	Description	Туре
M358	Other specified systemic	MIS-C
	involvement of connective tissue	
M3581	Multisystem Inflammatory syndrome (MIS)	MIS-C
	*The code M3581 is effective as of January 1, 2021	
M3589	Other specified systemic involvement of connective tissue	MIS-C
	*The code M3589 is effective as of January 1, 2021	

Demographic Variables

Dataset Segment:	Demographic Variables
Data Element Name:	Admission Datetime
Template Variable:	admission_dt
Format – Length:	Datetime – 16
Mandatory:	Yes

Indicates the date and time that the patient was admitted to inpatient status at the hospital.

Codes and Values:

Enter the Admission Datetime.

- Formatting:
 - 1. Format must be YYYY-MM-DD hh:mm
 - a. YYYY-MM-DDThh:mm is also valid
 - 2. YYYY = four-digit year
 - MM = two-digit month (01 = January, etc.)
 - DD = two-digit day of month (01 through 31)
 - hh = two digits of hour (00 through 23) (am/pm is **NOT** allowed)
 - mm = two digits of minute (00 through 59)
 - 3. Example: 11:42 pm November 3, 1959 = 1959-11-03 23:42
 - a. 1959-11-03T23:42 is also valid
 - 4. Midnight = 00:00, **NOT** 24:00
- Cannot have been after *Discharge Datetime*.
- If there is a difference between arrival to inpatient floor and the written admission order, report the time the admission order was written.

Dataset Segment:	Demographic Variables
Data Element Name:	Arrival Datetime
Template Variable:	arrival_dt
Format – Length:	Datetime – 16
Mandatory:	Yes

Indicates the earliest documented date and time the patient arrived at the hospital.

Codes and Values:

Enter the Arrival Datetime.

Notes for Abstraction:

Formatting:

- 1. Format must be YYYY-MM-DD hh:mm
 - a. YYYY-MM-DDThh:mm is also valid
- 2. YYYY = four-digit year

MM = two-digit month (01 = January, etc.)

DD = two-digit day of month (01 through 31)

hh = two digits of hour (00 through 23) (am/pm is **NOT** allowed)

mm = two digits of minute (00 through 59)

- 3. Example: 11:42 pm November 3, 1959 = 1959-11-03 23:42
 - a. 1959-11-03T23:42 is also valid
- 4. Midnight = 00:00, **NOT** 24:00
- Report earliest date and time the patient arrived at the ED, at the nursing floor, for observation, or as a direct admit to the cath lab.
- The arrival date and time may differ from the Admission Datetime.
- Cannot be after the Discharge Datetime.
- Observation Status: Only include these observation cases if admitted to inpatient status.
 - If the patient was admitted to observation from an outpatient setting of the hospital, use the date and time the patient arrives at the ED or on the floor of observation care as the arrival date and time.
 - If the patient was admitted to observation from the ED of the hospital, use the date and time the patient arrived at the ED as the *Arrival Datetime*.

Direct Admits:

 If the patient is a "Direct Admit" to the cath lab, use the earliest date and time the patient arrived at the cath lab (or cath lab staging/holding area) as the *Arrival* Datetime.

- If the patient is a "Direct Admit" to acute inpatient or observation, use the earliest date and time the patient arrived at the nursing floor or in observation as the *Arrival Datetime*.
- If the patient was transferred from your hospital's satellite/free-standing ED or from another hospital within your hospital's system (as an inpatient or ED patient) and there is one medical record for the care provided at both facilities, use the *Arrival Datetime* at the first facility.
- The Arrival Datetime can be obtained from the time period that the patient was an ED patient.

Dataset Segment:	Demographic Variables
Data Element Name:	Date of Birth
Template Variable:	date_of_birth
Format – Length:	Date — 10
Mandatory:	Yes

Indicates the date of birth of the patient.

Codes and Values:

Enter the Date of Birth.

- Formatting:
 - 1. Format must be YYYY-MM-DD
 - YYYY = four-digit yearMM = two-digit month (01 = January, etc.)DD = two-digit day of month (01 through 31)
 - 3. Example: November 3, 1959 = 1959-11-03
- Date of Birth cannot be after Admission Datetime.
- Patient age at admission should be used to determine reporting to the adult or the pediatric database.
- Data for all patients who are under 21 years of age are to be reported into the pediatric NYSDOH database.
 - Patients 21 years of age or older as of their admission date will be rejected and required for submission to the adult sepsis data file.

Dataset Segment:	Demographic Variables	
Data Element Name:	Discharge Datetime	
Template Variable:	discharge_dt	
Format – Length:	Datetime — 16	
Mandatory:	Yes	

Indicates the date and time that the patient was discharged from the hospital, left against medical advice, or expired.

Codes and Values:

Enter the Discharge Datetime.

Notes for Abstraction:

- Formatting:
 - 1. Format must be YYYY-MM-DD hh:mm
 - a. YYYY-MM-DDThh:mm is also valid
 - 2. YYYY = four-digit year

MM = two-digit month (01 = January, etc.)

DD = two-digit day of month (01 through 31)

hh = two digits of hour (00 through 23) (am/pm **NOT** allowed)

mm = two digits of minute (00 through 59)

- 3. Example: 11:42 pm November 3, 1959 = 1959-11-03 23:42
 - a. 1959-11-03T23:42 is also valid
- 4. Midnight = 00:00, **NOT** 24:00
- Cannot precede 2014-04-01 00:00.
- Cannot precede Admission Datetime or Arrival Datetime.
- If the time of death and administrative discharge date and times are not the same, use the time of death for *Discharge Datetime*.

For a patient who is discharged from one unit/department to another unit/department within the same facility, the **final discharge from the facility** is what should be reported for **Discharge Datetime.** Do not use discharges from internal transfers, since these are not actually separate hospital admissions – the entire period should be submitted as one record.

Dataset Segment:	Demographic Variables
Data Element Name:	Discharge Status
Template Variable:	discharge_status
Format – Length:	Enumerated – 2
Mandatory:	Yes

Indicates the code that best represents the patient's destination after discharge from the hospital.

Codes and Values:

- 01 = Discharge to Home or Self Care (Routine Discharge). Includes discharge to home; home on oxygen if DME only; any other DME only; group home, foster care, independent living and other residential care arrangements; outpatient programs, such as partial hospitalization or outpatient chemical dependency programs.
- 02 = Discharged/transferred to a Short-Term General Hospital for Inpatient Care.
- 03 = Discharged/transferred to Skilled Nursing Facility (SNF) with Medicare Certification in anticipation of Skilled Care. Medicare indicates that the patient is discharged/transferred to a Medicare certified nursing facility. For hospitals with an approved swing bed arrangement, use Code 61 Swing Bed. For reporting other discharges/transfers to nursing facilities see 04 and 64.
- 04 = Discharged/transferred to a Facility that Provides Custodial or Supportive Care. This is used to designate patients that are discharged/transferred to a nursing facility with neither Medicare nor Medicaid certification and for discharges/transfers to Assisted Living Facilities.
- 05 = Discharged/transferred to a Designated Cancer Center or Children's Hospital.
- 06 = Discharged/transferred to Home under Care of Organized Home Health Service Organization in Anticipation of Covered Skilled Care. Report this code when the patient is discharged/transferred to home with a written plan of care (tailored to the patient's medical needs) for home care services. Not used for home health services provided by a DME supplier or from a Home IV provider for home IV services.
- 07 = Left against medical advice or discontinued care.
- 09 = Admitted as an Inpatient to this Hospital. Patient admitted to the same short-term medical or specialty hospital where the hospital-based ambulatory surgery service was performed (excluding chronic disease hospitals).
- 20 = Expired.
- 21 = Discharged/transferred to Court/Law Enforcement.
- 50 = Hospice Home.
- 51 = Hospice Medical Facility (Certified) Providing Hospice Level of Care.
- 61 = Discharged/transferred to Hospital-Based Medicare Approved Swing Bed.
- 62 = Discharged/transferred to an Inpatient Rehabilitation Facility (IRF), including Rehabilitation Distinct Part Unit of a hospital.

- 63 = Discharged/transferred to a Medicare Certified Long Term Care Hospital (LTCH).
- 64 = Discharged/transferred to a Nursing Facility Certified under Medicaid but not certified under Medicare.
- 65 = Discharged/transferred to a Psychiatric Hospital or Psychiatric Distinct Part Unit of a Hospital.
- 66 = Discharged/transferred to a Critical Access Hospital (CAH).
- 69 = Discharged/transferred to a Designated Disaster Alternative Care Site.
- 70 = Discharged/transferred to another Type of Health Care Institution not defined Elsewhere in this Code List.
- 81 = Discharged to Home or Self Care with a Planned Acute Care Hospital Inpatient Readmission.
- 82 = Discharged/transferred to a Short-Term General Hospital for Inpatient Care with a Planned Acute Care Hospital Inpatient Readmission.
- 83 = Discharged/transferred to Skilled Nursing Facility (SNF) with Medicare Certification with a Planned Acute Care Hospital Inpatient Readmission.
- 84 = Discharged/transferred to a Facility that Provides Custodial or Supportive Care with a Planned Acute Care Hospital Inpatient Readmission.
- 85 = Discharged/transferred to a Designated Cancer Center or Children's Hospital with a Planned Acute Care Hospital Inpatient Readmission.
- 86 = Discharged/transferred to Home under Care of Organized Home Health Service Organization with a Planned Acute Care Hospital Inpatient Readmission.
- 87 = Discharged/transferred to Court/Law Enforcement with a Planned Acute Care Hospital Inpatient Readmission.
- 88 = Discharged/transferred to a Federal Health Care Facility with a Planned Acute Care Hospital Inpatient Readmission.
- 89 = Discharged/transferred to Hospital-Based Medicare Approved Swing Bed with a Planned Acute Care Hospital Inpatient Readmission.
- 90 = Discharged/transferred to an Inpatient Rehabilitation Facility (IRF) including Rehabilitation Distinct Part Units of a Hospital with a Planned Acute Care Hospital Inpatient Readmission.
- 91 = Discharged/transferred to a Medicare Certified Long Term Care Hospital (LTCH) with a Planned Acute Care Hospital Inpatient Readmission.
- 92 = Discharged/transferred to a Nursing Facility Certified under Medicaid but not Certified under Medicare with a Planned Acute Care Hospital Inpatient Readmission.
- 93 = Discharged/transferred to a Psychiatric Hospital or Psychiatric Distinct Part Unit of a Hospital with a Planned Acute Care Hospital Inpatient Readmission.
- 94 = Discharged/transferred to a Critical Access Hospital (CAH) with a Planned Acute Care Hospital Inpatient Readmission.
- 95 = Discharged/transferred to another Type of Health Care Institution not Defined Elsewhere in this Code List with a Planned Acute Care Hospital Inpatient Readmission.

Dataset Segment:	Demographic Variables
Data Element Name:	Ethnicity
Template Variable:	ethnicity
Format – Length:	Set- maximum 5 codes
Mandatory:	Yes

Indicates the code that best describes the ethnicity of the patient from the electronic health record (EHR).

Codes and Values:

Examples:

E1 = SPANISH/HISPANIC ORIGIN

E1.04.004 = Colombian

E2 = NOT HISPANIC OR LATINO

E9 = UNKNOWN

- If reporting multiple ethnicity codes (up to 5 codes), separate each code using a colon (e.g. "E1.02: E1.04" is Mexican and South American).
- Multiple ethnicity codes within the same heading are expected as there might be many different origins within a heading (e.g., "E1.02.001 Mexican American" and "E1.02.002 Mexicano" are within the same heading "E1.02 Mexican"). However, we would not expect a selection of codes within any two headings of "E1 SPANISH/HISPANIC ORIGIN", "E2 NOT HISPANIC OR LATINO", and "E9 UNKNOWN".
- To obtain the full list of codes, please refer to the following link to the SPARCS code set:
- SPARCS (RR-Race and Ethnicity Codes, Source: Race and Ethnicity Code Set -Version 1.0): https://www.health.ny.gov/statistics/sparcs/sysdoc/apprr.htm

Dataset Segment:	Demographic Variables	
Data Element Name:	Facility Identifier	
Template Variable:	facility_identifier	
Format – Length:	Varchar – 6	
Mandatory:	Yes	

This number is the facility's four to six-digit Permanent Facility Identifier (PFI) assigned by the Department of Health.

Department regulations state that services must be reported under the physical location where they are provided. Common ownership of different facilities does not change this requirement.

Codes and Values:

Enter the Facility Identifier.

- Must be a valid number as maintained by the NYSDOH.
- Can only contain numbers 0-9.

Dataset Segment:	Demographic Variables
Data Element Name:	Gender
Template Variable:	gender
Format – Length:	Enumerated – 1
Mandatory:	Yes

Indicates the gender of the patient.

Codes and Values:

M = Male

F = Female

U = Unknown

Dataset Segment:	Demographic Variables
Data Element Name:	ICD-10-CM Code (n)
Template Variable:	icd_10_cm_code_n
Format – Length:	Set — 8
Mandatory:	Yes

All diagnosis codes (primary and secondary) from the final hospital billed codes. There can be up to 25 codes, and each code will have its own variable and POA indicator. The first ICD-10-CM (Code 1) will be the **principal** diagnosis.

Codes and Values:

Enter the ICD-10-CM Codes.

- These should be reported as 25 individual variables. The variable fields for these will be as follows:
 - The first Data Element will be ICD-10-CM Code 1 with a template variable of icd_10_cm_code1. ICD-10-CM Code 1 is the PRINCIPAL Diagnosis. All other codes will be secondary diagnosis codes.
 - The twentieth Data Element will be ICD-10-CM Code 20 with a template variable of icd_10_cm_code_20.
- Please provide the final hospital billed codes in this field.
- Hospitals may report up to 25 codes and their indicators, including the principal and secondary codes.
- The ICD-10-CM codes would be submitted WITH the appropriate decimal place (AFTER the 3rd character) for each ICD-10-CM code.

Dataset Segment:	Demographic Variables
Data Element Name:	ICD-10-CM POA Indicator (n)
Template Variable:	icd_10_cm_poa_indicator_n
Format – Length:	Enumerated — 1
Mandatory:	Yes

Present on Admission (POA) indicator for each ICD-10-CM diagnosis code, aligning with the data element *ICD-10-CM Code (n)*. The first ICD-10-CM POA (Indicator 1) will be the **principal** diagnosis POA indicator.

Codes and Values:

Y = Present on admission

N = Not present on admission

U = No information in the record

W = Clinically undetermined

E = Exempt from POA reporting

- These should be reported as 25 individual variables. The variable fields for these will be as follows:
 - The first Data Element will be ICD-10-CM_POA Indicator 1 with a template variable of icd_10_cm_ poa_indicator_1. ICD-10-CM POA Code 1 is the PRINCIPAL Diagnosis POA indicator. All other codes will be secondary diagnosis POA indicators.
 - The twentieth Data Element will be ICD-10-CM POA Indicator 20 with a template variable of icd_10_cm_ poa_indicator_20.
- Please provide the final hospital billed codes in this field.
- Hospitals may report up to 25 POA indicators.
- Please provide the final hospital billed code's POA indicator in this field. Please ensure it aligns with *ICD-10-CM Code* (n).
- Hospitals are required to report a POA indicator for each ICD-10-CM Code reported.
 - For example, if there are five (5) ICD-10_CM codes reported then five (5) ICD-10-CM
 POA indicators will be required in the data submission.

Dataset Segment:	Demographic Variables
Data Element Name:	Insurance Number
Template Variable:	insurance_number
Format – Length:	Varchar – 19
Mandatory:	Yes

Indicates the primary insurance policy identification number for the patient.

Codes and Values:

Enter the Insurance Number.

Notes for Abstraction:

- *Insurance Number* is mandatory.
- Blanks are allowed only
 - If Element Payer is not:
 - Medicare ("C")
 - Medicaid ("D")
 - Insurance Company ("F")
 - Blue Cross ("G")
 - Or, in rare instances when values are truly unattainable from the EHR.
- Must be alphanumeric (0-9) (a-z, A-Z).
- Special characters are invalid entries.

Facilities are directed to enter the following values:

Payer	Type of Number
Blue Cross	Enter the information depending on specific Blue Cross Plan needs and contract requirement.
CHAMPUS	Enter the information depending on CHAMPUS regulations.
Medicaid	Enter Medicaid Client Identification Number (CIN) of the insured or case head
	Medicaid number shown on the Medicaid Identification Card.
Medicare	Enter the patient's Medicare HIC number as shown on the Health Insurance Card,
	Certificate of Award, Utilization Notice, Temporary Eligibility Notice, and Hospital
	Transfer Form or as reported by the Social Security Office.

For all other payer types (commercial insurers, etc.) enter the insured's unique number assigned by the payer.

Dataset Segment:	Demographic Variables
Data Element Name:	Medical Record Number
Template Variable:	medical_record_number
Format – Length:	Varchar – 17
Mandatory:	Yes

Indicates the number used by the hospital's Medical Records Department to identify the patient's permanent medical record file. This number is not the same as the Patient Control Number.

Codes and Values:

Enter the Medical Record Number.

- Must not equal zero or blanks.
- Must be alphanumeric (0-9) (a-z, A-Z).
- Special characters are invalid entries.

Dataset Segment:	Demographic Variables
Data Element Name:	Other Payer
Template Variable:	other_payer
Format – Length:	Varchar – 50
Mandatory:	<mark>Yes</mark>

Indicate the other payers for this hospitalization. This aligns with *Payer* source E and/or I.

Codes and Values:

Enter Other Payer.

- If either E or I is reported under *Payer*, then *Other Payer* must be completed. In rare instances, when values are truly unattainable from the EHR, report missing values as blank.
- If multiple other payers are to be reported, each payer will be separated by a colon (:).
- Include a code and a description if a code is captured in your EHR.

Dataset Segment:	Demographic Variables
Data Element Name:	Patient Control Number
Template Variable:	patient_control_number
Format – Length:	Varchar – 20
Mandatory:	Yes

Indicates the patient's unique number assigned by the provider to facilitate retrieval of individual financial and clinical records and posting of payment.

Codes and Values:

Enter the Patient Control Number.

- Must not equal zero or blanks.
- Must be alphanumeric (0-9) (a-z, A-Z).
- Special characters are invalid entries.

Dataset Segment:	Demographic Variables
Data Element Name:	Patient Zip Code of Residence
Template Variable:	patient_zip_code_of_residence
Format – Length:	Varchar – 10
Mandatory:	Yes

Indicates the patient's 9-digit zip code of residence.

Codes and Values:

Enter the Patient Zip Code of Residence.

- Zip Code of Residence is mandatory. In rare instances, when the values are truly unattainable from the EHR, report missing values as blank.
- Format should be xxxxx-xxxx
- If a hospital does not have the four-digit extension to the zip code, then the five-digit zip code should be reported followed by 0000 in the extension (e.g., 11201-0000).
- If the hospital does not have the patient's zip code of residence (e.g., foreign resident, homeless), then the five-digit zip code should be reported as 00000-0000.
- Must only consist of numbers (0-9).

Dataset Segment:	Demographic Variables
Data Element Name:	Payer
Template Variable:	payer
Format – Length:	Set – maximum 3 codes
Mandatory:	Yes

Indicate the codes that identify the payers for this hospitalization. Provide the primary payer first.

Codes and Values:

A = Self-Pay

B = Workers' Compensation

C = Medicare

D = Medicaid

E = Other Federal Program

F = Insurance Company

G = Blue Cross

H = CHAMPUS

I = Other Non-Federal Program

J = Disability

K = Title V

L = Other/Unknown

- Report up to 3 payers.
- If either E or I is reported, then *Other Payer* must be completed.
- Each payer will be separated by a colon (:).
- The PRIMARY payer must be listed first.
 - o Example:
 - Workers' Compensation as primary payer and Disability: B:J
 - Blue Cross as primary payer, Insurance Company, Other Federal Program:
 G:F:E

Dataset Segment:	Demographic Variables
Data Element Name:	Race
Template Variable:	race
Format – Length:	Set – maximum 56 codes
Mandatory:	Yes

Indicates the code that best describes the race of the patient based on the electronic health record.

Codes and Values:

Examples:

R2 = Asian

R2.01 = Asian Indian

R5 = White

- If reporting multiple race codes, separate each code using a colon (e.g., "R2.12: R2.01" is Korean and Asian Indian).
- To obtain the full list of codes, please refer to the following link to the SPARCS code set:
- SPARCS (RR-Race and Ethnicity Codes, Source: Race and Ethnicity Code Set -Version 1.0): https://www.health.ny.gov/statistics/sparcs/sysdoc/apprr.htm

Dataset Segment:	Demographic Variables
Data Element Name:	Source of Admission
Template Variable:	source_of_admission
Format – Length:	Enumerated – 1
Mandatory:	Yes

Indicates the code that best describes the patient's origin before coming to the hospital.

Codes and Values:

- 1 = <u>Non-Health Facility Point of Origin</u>: The patient was admitted to this facility from home or from an assisted living facility.
- 2 = <u>Clinic</u>: The patient was referred to this facility as a transfer from a freestanding or non-freestanding clinic.
- 4 = <u>Transfer from a Hospital (Different Facility)</u>: The patient was admitted to this facility as a hospital transfer from an acute care facility where he or she was an inpatient or outpatient.
- 5 = <u>Transfer from a Skilled Nursing Facility (SNF) or Intermediate Care Facility (ICF)</u>: The patient was admitted to this facility as a transfer from a SNF or ICF where he/she was a resident.
- 6 = <u>Transfer from Another Health Care Facility</u>: The patient was admitted to this facility as a transfer from another type of health care facility that is not defined elsewhere in this code list.
- 8 = <u>Court/Law Enforcement</u>: The patient was admitted to this facility upon the direction of a court of law or upon the request of a law enforcement agency representative.
- 9 = <u>Information Not Available</u>: The means by which the patient was admitted to this hospital was not known.
- E = <u>Transfer from Ambulatory Surgery Center</u>: The patient was admitted to this facility as a transfer from an ambulatory surgery center.
- F = <u>Transfer from Hospice and is Under a Hospice Plan of Care or Enrolled in a Hospice Program</u>: The patient was admitted to this facility as a transfer from a hospice.

- If a patient is moved from one area of the hospital to another (e.g., from the Emergency Department to the ICU), the patient is not considered a transfer. The patient is considered a transfer when the patient is moved between different hospitals with discharge and admission at each location and separate billing from each location.
- Assisted Living is reported as 1, Non-Health Facility Point of Origin.

Dataset Segment:	Demographic Variables
Data Element Name:	Transferred In
Template Variable:	transferred_in
Format – Length:	Enumerated – 1
Mandatory:	Yes

Indicates if the patient was received as a transfer from another acute care hospital.

Codes and Values:

0 = No

1 = Yes

- Report "1", if a patient was transferred in (i.e., received from another acute care hospital).
- Report "0", if a patient was not transferred in.

Dataset Segment:	Demographic Variables
Data Element Name:	Transferred Out
Template Variable:	transferred_out
Format – Length:	Enumerated – 1
Mandatory:	Yes

Indicates if the patient was transferred out to another acute care hospital.

Codes and Values:

0 = No

1 = Yes

- Report "1", if a patient was transferred out (i.e., transferred/discharged to another acute care hospital).
- Report "0", if a patient was not transferred out.

Dataset Segment:	Demographic Variables
Data Element Name:	Transfer Facility Identifier Receiving
Template Variable:	transfer_facility_id_receiving
Format – Length:	Varchar – 6
Mandatory:	<mark>Yes</mark>

If your hospital received a transfer patient from an acute care hospital, report the hospital PFI from which you received that patient. This is the transferring facility's four to six-digit Permanent Facility Identifier (PFI) assigned by the Department of Health.

Department regulations state that services must be reported under the physical location where they are provided. Common ownership of different facilities does not change this requirement.

Codes and Values:

Enter the Transfer Facility Identifier Receiving.

Notes for Abstraction:

- Transfer Facility Identifier Receiving is mandatory. In rare instances, when values are truly unattainable from the EHR, report missing values as blank.
- Must be a valid number as maintained by the NYSDOH.
- Must only contain numbers (0-9).
- When receiving a patient from an out-of-state facility, please submit the two-digit state identifier https://www2.census.gov/geo/docs/reference/state.txt to represent the transfer facility state. This is ONLY to be used when patients are received from an out of state hospital, therefore the code for New York will not be accepted for data submission. For example, a patient received from a Connecticut hospital is submitted with the transfer_facility_id_receiving of 09.

To find a hospital PFI, please visit:

https://www.health.ny.gov/statistics/sparcs/reports/compliance/pfi facilities.htm

Dataset Segment:	Demographic Variables
Data Element Name:	Transfer Facility Identifier Sending
Template Variable:	transfer_facility_id_sending
Format – Length:	Varchar – 6
Mandatory:	<mark>Yes</mark>

If your hospital is transferring a patient to another acute care hospital, report the hospital's PFI to which you are sending the patient. This number is the transfer sending facility's four to six-digit Permanent Facility Identifier (PFI) assigned by the Department of Health.

Department regulations state that services must be reported under the physical location where they are provided. Common ownership of different facilities does not change this requirement.

Codes and Values:

Enter the Transfer Facility Identifier Sending.

Notes for Abstraction:

- Transfer Facility Identifier Sending is mandatory. In rare instances, when values are truly unattainable from the EHR, report missing values as blank.
- Must be a valid number as maintained by the NYSDOH.
- Must only contain numbers (0-9).
- When transferring a patient to an out-of-state facility, please submit the two-digit state
 identifier https://www2.census.gov/geo/docs/reference/state.txt to represent the transfer
 facility state. This is ONLY to be used when patients are transferred out of state therefore
 the code for New York will not be accepted for data submission. For example, a patient
 transferred to a Connecticut hospital is submitted with the *Transfer Facility Identifier*Sending of 09.

To find a hospital PFI, please visit:

https://www.health.ny.gov/statistics/sparcs/reports/compliance/pfi facilities.htm

Dataset Segment:	Demographic Variables
Data Element Name:	Transfer Facility Name Receiving
Template Variable:	transfer_facility_nm_receiving
Format – Length:	Varchar – 50
Mandatory:	<mark>Yes</mark>

If your hospital received a patient as a transfer from another acute care hospital, report the hospital name from which you received that patient.

Department regulations state that services must be reported under the physical location where they are provided. Common ownership of different facilities does not change this requirement.

Codes and Values:

Enter the Transfer Facility Receiving.

- Transfer Facility Name Receiving is mandatory. In rare instances, when values are truly unattainable from the EHR, report missing values as blank.
- Report when *Transfer Facility Identifier Receiving* is not available.

Dataset Segment:	Demographic Variables
Data Element Name:	Transfer Facility Name Sending
Template Variable:	transfer_facility_nm_sending
Format – Length:	Varchar – 50
Mandatory:	<mark>Yes</mark>

If your hospital is transferring a patient to an acute care hospital, report the hospital's name to which you are sending the patient.

Department regulations state that services must be reported under the physical location where they are provided. Common ownership of different facilities does not change this requirement.

Codes and Values:

Enter the Transfer Facility Name Sending.

- Transfer Facility Identifier Sending is mandatory. In rare instances, when values are truly unattainable from the EHR, report missing values as blank.
- Report when *Transfer Facility Identifier Sending* is not available.

Dataset Segment:	Demographic Variables
Data Element Name:	Unique Personal Identifier
Template Variable:	unique_personal_identifier
Format – Length:	Varchar – 10
Mandatory:	Yes

A composite field comprised of portions of the patient's last name, first name, and social security number.

Codes and Values:

Included below are the individual components of this data element.

- 1. "First 2" and "Last 2" characters of the Patient's Last Name. The birth name of the patient is preferable if it is available on the facility's information system.
- 2. "First 2" characters of the Patient's First Name.
- 3. "Last 4" digits of the Patient's Social Security Number.

NOTE: This data element is not to be confused with *Patient Control Number*, which provides linkage of all record types containing patient-related data for a specific discharge.

Notes for Abstraction:

First and Last Name Components: Must be <u>UPPERCASE</u> alpha characters (A-Z). If the last name is less than 4 characters, the first two and last two characters are used even if some characters are repeated.

• If the first name is only 1-character, repeat the same character to meet the "First 2" character requirement of the Patient's First Name. For instance, "A" would be reported as "AA".

Included below are examples of how to report some unusual scenarios: A three-character last name, a two-character last name, a name with junior, a one character first name, a last name with an apostrophe, and a hyphenated last name.

- Joe Tan would be reported as TAANJO
- Bill Su Jr. would be reported as SUSUBI
- E John Smith would be reported as SMTHEE
- Bob O'Brien would be reported as OBENBO
- Sue Jones-Davis would be reported as JOISSU

Social Security Number Component: Must be numeric. If no Social Security Number is available, this sub-field must be zeroes (e.g., TAANJO0000).

Joe Tan with Social Security Number 123-456-7890 would be reported as TAANJO7890

Comorbidity/Risk Factor Variables

Dataset Segment:	Comorbidity/Risk Factor Variables
Data Element Name:	Acute Cardiovascular Conditions (POA)
Template Variable:	acute_cardiovascular_conditions <mark>_poa</mark>
Format – Length:	Set – maximum of 4 codes
Mandatory:	Yes

Indicates that the patient had an <u>acute</u> cardiovascular event present on or prior to admission/arrival to the hospital. This may or may not be evident as a yes on the present on admission indicator as an ICD-10-CM code at or on arrival. Since the intent is to capture all codes not just final billed ICD-10-CMs, a POA indicator may not be available for all cases.

Codes and Values:

- 1= Myocardial Infarction
- 2= Ischemic Stroke/Hemorrhagic Stroke/Transient Ischemic Attack (TIA)
- 3= Myocarditis secondary to COVID-19
- 4= Other
- 0= No Acute Cardiovascular Condition

- Source is not limited to the billing codes. This information can be obtained from other EHR sources, such as the problem list, medical history, etc.
- Report all that apply.
- Each value will be separated by a colon (:).
- For example:
 - o To report multiple elements: 1:2
- Please see Appendix 1A for a list of applicable ICD-10-CM codes.
- Report "0", if the patient does not have one of the ICD-10-CM codes listed in the referenced appendix.

Dataset Segment:	Comorbidity/Risk Factor Variables
Data Element Name:	Acquired Absent Spleen (POA)
	and the control of th
Template Variable:	acquired_absent_spleen <mark>_poa</mark>
Format – Length:	Enumerated – 1
Mandatory:	Yes

Indicates that the patient has an acquired absent spleen present on or prior to admission/arrival to the hospital. This may or may not be evident as a yes on the present on admission indicator as an ICD-10-CM code at or on arrival. Since the intent is to capture all codes not just final billed ICD-10-CMs, a POA indicator may not be available for all cases.

Codes and Values:

0 = No

1 = Yes

- Source is not limited to the billing codes. This information can be obtained from other EHR sources, such as the problem list, medical history, etc.
- Please see Appendix 1B for a list of applicable ICD-10-CM codes.
- Report "1", if the patient has one or more of the ICD-10-CM codes listed in the referenced appendix.
- Report "0", if the patient does not have one of the ICD-10-CM codes listed in the referenced appendix.

Dataset Segment:	Comorbidity/Risk Factor Variables
Data Element Name:	Adrenal Gland Disorder <mark>(POA)</mark>
Template Variable:	adrenal_gland_disorder <mark>_poa</mark>
Format – Length:	Enumerated – 1
Mandatory:	Yes

Indicates that the patient has adrenal gland disorder present on or prior to admission/arrival to the hospital. This may or may not be evident as a yes on the present on admission indicator as an ICD-10-CM code at or on arrival. Since the intent is to capture all codes not just final billed ICD-10-CMs, a POA indicator may not be available for all cases.

Codes and Values:

0 = No

1 = Yes

- Source is not limited to the billing codes. This information can be obtained from other EHR sources, such as the problem list, medical history, etc.
- Please see Appendix 1C for a list of applicable ICD-10-CM codes.
- Report "1", if the patient has one or more of the ICD-10-CM codes listed in the referenced appendix.
- Report "0", if the patient does not have one of the ICD-10-CM codes listed in the referenced appendix.

Dataset Segment:	Comorbidity/Risk Factor Variables
Data Element Name:	AIDS/HIV Disease (POA)
Template Variable:	aids_hiv_disease <mark>_poa</mark>
Format – Length:	Enumerated – 1
Mandatory:	Yes

Indicates that the patient has AIDS or an HIV infection present on or prior to admission/arrival to the hospital. This may or may not be evident as a yes on the present on admission indicator as an ICD-10-CM code at or on arrival. Since the intent is to capture all codes not just final billed ICD-10-CMs, a POA indicator may not be available for all cases.

Codes and Values:

0 = No

1 = Yes

- Source is not limited to the billing codes. This information can be obtained from other EHR sources, such as the problem list, medical history, etc.
- Please see Appendix 1D for a list of applicable ICD-10-CM codes.
- Report "1", if the patient has one or more of the ICD-10-CM codes listed in the referenced appendix.
- Report "0", if the patient does not have one of the ICD-10-CM codes listed in the referenced appendix.

Dataset Segment:	Comorbidity/Risk Factor Variables
Data Element Name:	Altered Mental Status (POA)
Template Variable:	altered_mental_status <mark>_poa</mark>
Format – Length:	Enumerated – 1
Mandatory:	Yes

Indicates that the patient has an altered mental status present on or prior to admission/arrival to the hospital. This may or may not be evident as a yes on the present on admission indicator as an ICD-10-CM code at or on arrival. Since the intent is to capture all codes not just final billed ICD-10-CMs, a POA indicator may not be available for all cases.

Codes and Values:

0 = No

1 = Yes

- Source is not limited to the billing codes. This information can be obtained from other EHR sources, such as the problem list, medical history, etc.
- Please see Appendix 1E for a list of applicable ICD-10-CM codes.
- Report "1", if the patient has one or more of the ICD-10-CM codes listed in the referenced appendix.
- Report "0", if the patient does not have one of the ICD-10-CM codes listed in the referenced appendix.

Dataset Segment:	Comorbidity/Risk Factor Variables
Data Element Name:	Asthma <mark>(POA)</mark>
Template Variable:	asthma <mark>_poa</mark>
Format – Length:	Enumerated – 1
Mandatory:	Yes

Indicates that the patient has asthma present on or prior to admission/arrival to the hospital. This may or may not be evident as a yes on the present on admission indicator as an ICD-10-CM code at or on arrival. Since the intent is to capture all codes not just final billed ICD-10-CMs, a POA indicator may not be available for all cases.

Codes and Values:

0 = No

1 = Yes

- Source is not limited to the billing codes. This information can be obtained from other EHR sources, such as the problem list, medical history, etc.
- Please see Appendix 1F for a list of applicable ICD-10-CM codes.
- Report "1", if the patient has one or more of the ICD-10-CM codes listed in the referenced appendix.
- Report "0", if the patient does not have one of the ICD-10-CM codes listed in the referenced appendix.

Dataset Segment:	Comorbidity/Risk Factor Variables
Data Element Name:	Bronchopulmonary Dysplasia <mark>(POA)</mark>
Template Variable:	bronchopulmonary_dysplasia <mark>_poa</mark>
Format – Length:	Enumerated – 1
Mandatory:	Yes

Indicates that the patient has bronchopulmonary dysplasia (BPD) present on or prior to admission/arrival to the hospital. This may or may not be evident as a yes on the present on admission indicator as an ICD-10-CM code at or on arrival. Since the intent is to capture all codes not just final billed ICD-10-CMs, a POA indicator may not be available for all cases.

Codes and Values:

0 = No

1 = Yes

- Source is not limited to the billing codes. This information can be obtained from other EHR sources, such as the problem list, medical history, etc.
- Please see Appendix 1G for a list of applicable ICD-10-CM codes.
- Report "1", if the patient has one or more of the ICD-10-CM codes listed in the referenced appendix.
- Report "0", if the patient does not have one of the ICD-10-CM codes listed in the referenced appendix.

Dataset Segment:	Comorbidity/Risk Factor Variables
Data Element Name:	Chronic Liver Disease (POA)
Template Variable:	chronic_liver_disease <mark>_poa</mark>
Format – Length:	Enumerated – 1
Mandatory:	Yes

Indicates that the patient has chronic liver disease present on or prior to admission/arrival to the hospital. This may or may not be evident as a yes on the present on admission indicator as an ICD-10-CM code at or on arrival. Since the intent is to capture all codes not just final billed ICD-10-CMs, a POA indicator may not be available for all cases.

Codes and Values:

0 = No

1 = Yes

- Source is not limited to the billing codes. This information can be obtained from other EHR sources, such as the problem list, medical history, etc.
- Please see Appendix 1H for a list of applicable ICD-10-CM codes.
- Report "1", if the patient has one or more of the ICD-10-CM codes listed in the referenced appendix.
- Report "0", if the patient does not have one of the ICD-10-CM codes listed in the referenced appendix.

Dataset Segment:	Comorbidity/Risk Factor Variables
Data Element Name:	Chronic Renal Failure <mark>(POA)</mark>
Template Variable:	chronic_renal_failure <mark>_poa</mark>
Format – Length:	Enumerated – 1
Mandatory:	Yes

Indicates that the patient has chronic renal failure present on or prior to admission/arrival to the hospital. This may or may not be evident as a yes on the present on admission indicator as an ICD-10-CM code at or on arrival. Since the intent is to capture all codes not just final billed ICD-10-CMs, a POA indicator may not be available for all cases.

Codes and Values:

0 = No

1 = Yes

- Source is not limited to the billing codes. This information can be obtained from other EHR sources, such as the problem list, medical history, etc.
- Please see Appendix 1I for a list of applicable ICD-10-CM codes.
- Report "1", if the patient has one or more of the ICD-10-CM codes listed in the referenced appendix.
- Report "0", if the patient does not have one of the ICD-10-CM codes listed in the referenced appendix.

Dataset Segment:	Comorbidity/Risk Factor Variables
Data Element Name:	Chronic Respiratory Failure (POA)
Template Variable:	chronic_respiratory_failure <mark>_poa</mark>
Format – Length:	Enumerated – 1
Mandatory:	Yes

Indicates that the patient has chronic respiratory failure present on or prior to admission/arrival to the hospital. This may or may not be evident as a yes on the present on admission indicator as an ICD-10-CM code at or on arrival. Since the intent is to capture all codes not just final billed ICD-10-CMs, a POA indicator may not be available for all cases.

Codes and Values:

0 = No

1 = Yes

- Source is not limited to the billing codes. This information can be obtained from other EHR sources, such as the problem list, medical history, etc.
- Please see Appendix 1J for a list of applicable ICD-10-CM codes.
- Report "1", if the patient has one or more of the ICD-10-CM codes listed in the referenced appendix.
- Report "0", if the patient does not have one of the ICD-10-CM codes listed in the referenced appendix.

Dataset Segment:	Comorbidity/Risk Factor Variables
Data Element Name:	Coagulopathy <mark>(POA)</mark>
Template Variable:	coagulopathy <mark>_poa</mark>
Format – Length:	Enumerated – 1
Mandatory:	Yes

Indicates that the patient has coagulopathy present on or prior to admission/arrival to the hospital. This may or may not be evident as a yes on the present on admission indicator as an ICD-10-CM code at or on arrival. Since the intent is to capture all codes not just final billed ICD-10-CMs, a POA indicator may not be available for all cases.

Codes and Values:

0 = No 1 = Yes

- Source is not limited to the billing codes. This information can be obtained from other EHR sources, such as the problem list, medical history, etc.
- Please see Appendix 1K for a list of applicable ICD-10-CM codes.
- Report "1", if the patient has one or more of the ICD-10-CM codes listed in the referenced appendix.
- Report "0", if the patient does not have one of the ICD-10-CM codes listed in the referenced appendix.

Dataset Segment:	Comorbidity/Risk Factor Variables
Data Element Name:	Congestive Heart Failure (POA)
Template Variable:	congestive_heart_failure <mark>_poa</mark>
Format – Length:	Enumerated – 1
Mandatory:	Yes

Indicates that the patient has congestive heart failure present on or prior to admission/arrival to the hospital. This may or may not be evident as a yes on the present on admission indicator as an ICD-10-CM code at or on arrival. Since the intent is to capture all codes not just final billed ICD-10-CMs, a POA indicator may not be available for all cases.

Codes and Values:

0 = No

1 = Yes

- Source is not limited to the billing codes. This information can be obtained from other EHR sources, such as the problem list, medical history, etc.
- Please see Appendix 1L for a list of applicable ICD-10-CM codes.
- Report "1", if the patient has one or more of the ICD-10-CM codes listed in the referenced appendix.
- Report "0", if the patient does not have one of the ICD-10-CM codes listed in the referenced appendix.

Dataset Segment:	Comorbidity/Risk Factor Variables
Data Element Name:	Cystic Fibrosis <mark>(POA)</mark>
Template Variable:	cystic_fibrosis <mark>_poa</mark>
Format – Length:	Enumerated – 1
Mandatory:	Yes

Indicates that the patient has cystic fibrosis present on or prior to admission/arrival to the hospital. This may or may not be evident as a yes on the present on admission indicator as an ICD-10-CM code at or on arrival. Since the intent is to capture all codes not just final billed ICD-10-CMs, a POA indicator may not be available for all cases.

Codes and Values:

0 = No

1 = Yes

- Source is not limited to the billing codes. This information can be obtained from other EHR sources, such as the problem list, medical history, etc.
- Please see Appendix 1M for a list of applicable ICD-10-CM codes.
- Report "1", if the patient has one or more of the ICD-10-CM codes listed in the referenced appendix.
- Report "0", if the patient does not have one of the ICD-10-CM codes listed in the referenced appendix.

Dataset Segment:	Comorbidity/Risk Factor Variables
Data Element Name:	Diabetes <mark>(POA)</mark>
Template Variable:	Diabetes <mark>_poa</mark>
Format – Length:	Enumerated – 1
Mandatory:	Yes

Indicates that the patient has diabetes present on or prior to admission/arrival to the hospital.

This may or may not be evident as a yes on the present on admission indicator as an ICD-10-CM code at or on arrival. Since the intent is to capture all codes not just final billed ICD-10-CMs, a POA indicator may not be available for all cases.

Codes and Values:

0 = No

1 = Yes

- Source is not limited to the billing codes. This information can be obtained from other EHR sources, such as the problem list, medical history, etc.
- Please see Appendix 1N for a list of applicable ICD-10-CM codes.
- Report "1", if the patient has one or more of the ICD-10-CM codes listed in the referenced appendix.
- Report "0", if the patient does not have one of the ICD-10-CM codes listed in the referenced appendix.

Dataset Segment:	Comorbidity/Risk Factor Variables
Data Element Name:	Dialysis Comorbidity (POA)
Template Variable:	dialysis_comorbidity <mark>_poa</mark>
Format – Length:	Enumerated – 1
Mandatory:	Yes

Indicates that the patient arrived at the hospital already receiving dialysis. This may or may not be evident as a yes on the present on admission indicator as an ICD-10-CM code at or on arrival. Since the intent is to capture all codes not just final billed ICD-10-CMs, a POA indicator may not be available for all cases.

Codes and Values:

0 = No

1 = Yes

- Source is not limited to the billing codes. This information can be obtained from other EHR sources, such as the problem list, medical history, etc.
- Please see Appendix 10 for a list of applicable ICD-10-CM codes.
- Report "1", if the patient has one or more of the ICD-10-CM codes listed in the referenced appendix.
- Report "0", if the patient does not have one of the ICD-10-CM codes listed in the referenced appendix.

Dataset Segment: Comorbidity/Risk Factor Variables

Data Element Name: History of COVID -19 (POA)

Template Variable: history_of_covid_poa Format – Length: Enumerated – 1

Mandatory: Yes

Description:

Indicates that the patient has a history of a positive COVID-19 test prior to admission/arrival to the hospital. This may or may not be evident as a yes on the present on admission indicator as an ICD-10-CM code at or on arrival. Since the intent is to capture all codes not just final billed ICD-10-CMs, a POA indicator may not be available for all cases.

Codes and Values:

0 = No

1 = Yes

- Source is not limited to the billing codes. This information can be obtained from other EHR sources, such as the problem list, medical history, etc.
- Report "1" when the patient has a history of a positive COVID-19 test prior to arrival at the hospital. There is not a time limit on reporting the test as positive. If there is a positive test, even if later followed by a negative test, then report the positive test date.
- Report "1" if there is a pateitn-reported history of COVID-19 without a supporting LOINC code.
- SARS-Cov-2 LOINC codes can be downloaded to a csv. This file can be found here: https://loinc.org/sars-cov-2-and-covid-19/
- These codes are not static and are updated regularly; therefore, hospitals should take care to use the most current list of codes to capture COVID-19 testing.

Dataset Segment:	Comorbidity/Risk Factor Variables
Data Element Name:	History of COVID-19 (POA) Datetime
Template Variable:	history_of_covid <mark>_poa</mark> _dt
Format – Length:	Datetime – 16
Mandatory:	<mark>Yes</mark>

Indicates the date and time of the positive *History of COVID-19* (POA) test.

Codes and Values:

Enter the History of COVID-19 Datetime.

- If there is more than one positive COVID-19 test, report the earliest positive test.
- If there is a patient-reportd history of COVID-19 without a supporting LOINC code, report "1" to *History of COVID-19 (POA)* and leave this variable, *History of COVID-19 (POA)*Datetime blank.
- History of COVID-19 (POA) Datetime is mandatory. In rare instances, when values are truly unattainable from the EHR, report missing values as blank.
- Formatting:
 - 1. Format must be YYYY-MM-DD hh:mm
 - a. YYYY-MM-DDThh:mm is also valid
 - 2. YYYY = four-digit year
 - MM = two-digit month (01 = January, etc.)
 - DD = two-digit day of month (01 through 31)
 - hh = two digits of hour (00 through 23) (am/pm NOT allowed)
 - mm = two digits of minute (00 through 59)
 - 3. Example: 11:42 pm November 3, 1959 = 1959-11-03 23:42
 - a. 1959-11-03T23:42 is also valid
 - 4. Midnight = 00:00, **NOT** 24:00

Dataset Segment:

Data Element Name:

History of Other Cardiovascular Disease
(POA)

Template Variable:

history_of_other_cvd_poa

Format – Length:

Mandatory:

Set – maximum 6 codes

Yes

Description:

Indicates the patient's history of other cardiovascular disease present on or prior to admission/arrival to the hospital. This may or may not be evident as a yes on the present on admission indicator as an ICD-10-CM code at or on arrival. Since the intent is to capture all codes not just final billed ICD-10-CMs, a POA indicator may not be available for all cases.

Codes and Values:

- 1 = Coronary heart disease (e.g., angina pectoris, coronary atherosclerosis)
- 2 = Peripheral artery disease
- 3 = Valve disorder
- 4 = Cerebrovascular disease
- 5 = Congenital heart defects
- 6 = Cardiomyopathy
- 0 = No history of coronary heart disease, peripheral artery disease, valve disorder, cerebrovascular disease, congenital heart defects, or cardiomyopathy.

- Source is not limited to the billing codes. This information can be obtained from other EHR sources, such as the problem list, medical history, etc.
- Report all that apply.
- Each value will be separated by a colon (:).
- For example:
 - To report multiple elements: 1:2:3
- History of (not acute presentation)
- Please see Appendix 1P for a list of applicable ICD-10-CM codes.
- Report "0", if the patient does not have one of the ICD-10-CM codes listed in the referenced appendix.

Dataset Segment:	Comorbidity/Risk Factor Variables
Data Element Name:	Hypertension (POA)
Template Variable:	hypertension_poa_
Format – Length:	Enumerated – 1
Mandatory:	Yes

Indicates that the patient has hypertension present on or prior to admission/arrival to the hospital. This may or may not be evident as a yes on the present on admission indicator as an ICD-10-CM code at or on arrival. Since the intent is to capture all codes not just final billed ICD-10-CMs, a POA indicator may not be available for all cases.

Codes and Values:

0 = No

1 = Yes

- Source is not limited to the billing codes. This information can be obtained from other EHR sources, such as the problem list, medical history, etc.
- Please see Appendix 1Q for a list of applicable ICD-10-CM codes.
- Report "1", if the patient has one or more of the ICD-10-CM codes listed in the referenced appendix.
- Report "0", if the patient does not have one of the ICD-10-CM codes listed in the referenced appendix.

Dataset Segment:	Comorbidity/Risk Factor Variables
Data Element Name:	Immunocompromising (POA)
Template Variable:	immunocompromising_poa
Format – Length:	Enumerated – 1
Mandatory:	Yes

Indicates that the patient has an immunocompromising disease/illness present on or prior to admission/arrival to the hospital. This may or may not be evident as a yes on the present on admission indicator as an ICD-10-CM code at or on arrival. Since the intent is to capture all codes not just final billed ICD-10-CMs, a POA indicator may not be available for all cases.

Codes and Values:

0 = No

1 = Yes

- Source is not limited to the billing codes. This information can be obtained from other EHR sources, such as the problem list, medical history, etc.
- Please see Appendix 1R for a list of applicable ICD-10-CM codes.
- Report "1", if the patient has one or more of the ICD-10-CM codes listed in the referenced appendix.
- Report "0", if the patient does not have one of the ICD-10-CM codes listed in the referenced appendix.

Dataset Segment:

Data Element Name:

Kawasaki/Mucocutaneous Lymph
Node Syndrome
Template Variable:

kawasaki_mucocutaneous
Format – Length:

Mandatory:

Comorbidity/Risk Factor Variables

Kawasaki/Mucocutaneous Lymph
Node Syndrome
kawasaki_mucocutaneous
Enumerated – 1
Yes

Description:

Indicates that the patient has a diagnosis of Kawasaki/Mucocutaneous lymph node syndrome present on admission/arrival or during hospitalization.

Codes and Values:

0 = No

1 = Yes

- POA and/or during hospitalization
- Please see Appendix 1S for a list of applicable codes.
- Report "1", if the patient has one or more of the ICD-10-CM codes listed in the referenced appendix.
- Report "0", if the patient does not have one of the ICD-10-CM codes listed in the referenced appendix.

Dataset Segment:	Comorbidity/Risk Factor Variables
Data Element Name:	Lymphoma Leukemia Multiple Myeloma <mark>(POA)</mark>
Template Variable:	lymphoma_leukemia_multi_myeloma <mark>_poa</mark>
Format – Length:	Enumerated – 1
Mandatory:	Yes

Indicates that the patient has malignant neoplasm of lymphatic and hematopoietic tissue including those neoplasms which may be in clinical remission at or prior to admission/arrival to the hospital. This may or may not be evident as a yes on the present on admission indicator as an ICD-10-CM code at or on arrival. Since the intent is to capture all codes not just final billed ICD-10-CMs, a POA indicator may not be available for all cases.

Codes and Values:

0 = No

1 = Yes

- Source is not limited to the billing codes. This information can be obtained from other EHR sources, such as the problem list, medical history, etc.
- Please see Appendix 1T for a list of applicable ICD-10-CM codes.
- Report "1", if the patient has one or more of the ICD-10-CM codes listed in the referenced appendix.
- Report "0", if the patient does not have one of the ICD-10-CM codes listed in the referenced appendix.

Dataset Segment:	Comorbidity/Risk Factor Variables
Data Element Name:	Mechanical Ventilation Comorbidity (POA)
Template Variable:	mechanical_vent_comorbidity <mark>_poa</mark>
Format – Length:	Enumerated – 1
Mandatory:	Yes

Indicates that the patient arrived at the hospital on mechanical ventilation. This may or may not be evident as a yes on the present on admission indicator as an ICD-10-CM code at or on arrival. Since the intent is to capture all codes not just final billed ICD-10-CMs, a POA indicator may not be available for all cases.

Codes and Values:

0 = No

1 = Yes

- Source is not limited to the billing codes. This information can be obtained from other EHR sources, such as the problem list, medical history, etc.
- Please see Appendix 1U for applicable ICD-10-CM code.
- Report "1", if the patient has the ICD-10-CM code listed in the referenced appendix.
- Report "0", if the patient does not have the ICD-10-CM code listed in the referenced appendix.

Dataset Segment:	Comorbidity/Risk Factor Variables
Data Element Name:	Medication Anticoagulation (POA)
Template Variable:	medication_anticoagulation <mark>_poa</mark>
Format – Length:	Enumerated – 1
Mandatory:	Yes

Indicates that the patient takes anticoagulation medications at home/prior to admission. This may or may not be evident as a yes on the present on admission indicator as an ICD-10-CM code at or on arrival. Since the intent is to capture all codes not just final billed ICD-10-CMs, a POA indicator may not be available for all cases.

Codes and Values:

0 = No

1 = Yes

- Source is not limited to the billing codes. This information can be obtained from other EHR sources, such as the problem list, medical history, medication list, etc.
- Please see Appendix 1V for a list of applicable medications and NDC codes.
- Report "1", if the patient has one or more of the medications or NDC codes listed in the referenced appendix.
- Report "0", if the patient does not have one of the medications or NDC codes listed in the referenced appendix.

Dataset Segment:	Comorbidity/Risk Factor Variables
Data Element Name:	Medication Immune Modifying (POA)
Template Variable:	medication_immune_modifying <mark>_poa</mark>
Format – Length:	Enumerated – 1
Mandatory:	Yes

Indicates that the patient is taking disease modifying medications and therapies (drugs and biologics) for collagen diseases, corticosteroids, chemotherapeutic agents through any modality (oral, IV, IM, etc.) known to specifically adversely impact the function of the immune system as the primary therapeutic goal or as an unintended side effect, including steroids (excluding inhaled or topical steroids), and chemotherapy at time of admission. This may or may not be evident as a yes on the present on admission indicator as an ICD-10-CM code at or on arrival. Since the intent is to capture all codes not just final billed ICD-10-CMs, a POA indicator may not be available for all cases.

Codes and Values:

0 = No

1 = Yes

- Source is not limited to the billing codes. This information can be obtained from other EHR sources, such as the problem list, medical history, medication list, etc.
- Please see Appendix 1W for a list of applicable medications and NDC codes.
- Report "1", if the patient has one or more of the medications or NDC codes listed in the referenced appendix.
- Report "0", if the patient does not have one of the medications or NDC codes listed in the referenced appendix.

Dataset Segment:	Comorbidity/Risk Factor Variables
Data Element Name:	Metastatic Cancer (POA)
Template Variable:	metastatic_cancer <mark>_poa</mark>
Format – Length:	Enumerated – 1
Mandatory:	Yes

Indicates that the patient has metastatic cancer present on or prior to admission/arrival to the hospital. This may or may not be evident as a yes on the present on admission indicator as an ICD-10-CM code at or on arrival. Since the intent is to capture all codes not just final billed ICD-10-CMs, a POA indicator may not be available for all cases.

Codes and Values:

0 = No

1 = Yes

- Source is not limited to the billing codes. This information can be obtained from other EHR sources, such as the problem list, medical history, etc.
- Please see Appendix 1X for a list of applicable ICD-10-CM codes.
- Report "1", if the patient has one or more of the ICD-10-CM codes listed in the referenced appendix.
- Report "0", if the patient does not have one of the ICD-10-CM codes listed in the referenced appendix.

Dataset Segment:	Comorbidity/Risk Factor Variables
Data Element Name:	Neutropenic Patients (POA)
Template Variable:	neutropenic_patients <mark>_poa</mark>
Format – Length:	Enumerated – 1
Mandatory:	Yes

Indicates that the patient has neutropenia present on or prior to admission/arrival to the hospital. This may or may not be evident as a yes on the present on admission indicator as an ICD-10-CM code at or on arrival. Since the intent is to capture all codes not just final billed ICD-10-CMs, a POA indicator may not be available for all cases.

Codes and Values:

0 = No

1 = Yes

- Source is not limited to the billing codes. This information can be obtained from other EHR sources, such as the problem list, medical history, etc.
- Please see Appendix 1Y for a list of applicable ICD-10-CM codes.
- Report "1", if the patient has one or more of the ICD-10-CM codes listed in the referenced appendix.
- Report "0", if the patient does not have one of the ICD-10-CM codes listed in the referenced appendix.

Dataset Segment:	Comorbidity/Risk Factor Variables
Data Element Name:	Obesity <mark>(POA)</mark>
Template Variable:	obesity <mark>_poa</mark>
Format – Length:	Enumerated – 1
Mandatory:	Yes

Indicates that the patient is obese on or prior to admission/arrival to the hospital. This may or may not be evident as a yes on the present on admission indicator as an ICD-10-CM code at or on arrival. Since the intent is to capture all codes not just final billed ICD-10-CMs, a POA indicator may not be available for all cases.

Codes and Values:

0 = No

1 = Yes

- Source is not limited to the billing codes. This information can be obtained from other EHR sources, such as the problem list, medical history, etc.
- Combination of ICD-10-CM and/or BMI values from the electronic health record (EHR). Please use the first value upon admission/arrival or the earliest value.
- Please see Appendix 1Z for a list of applicable ICD-10-CM codes.
- Report "1", if the patient has one or more of the ICD-10-CM codes listed in the referenced appendix.
- Report "1", if the patient ≥18-year-old has a BMI value of 30 or higher in the EHR even if the patient does not have one of the ICD-10-CM codes listed in the referenced appendix.
- Report "0", if the patient does not have one of the ICD-10-CM codes listed in the referenced appendix or for patients ≥18-year-old, who does not have a BMI value of 30 or higher in the EHR.

Dataset Segment:	Comorbidity/Risk Factor Variables
Data Element Name:	Patient Care Considerations
Template Variable:	patient_care_considerations
Format – Length:	Set – maximum <mark>2</mark> codes
Mandatory:	Yes

Indicates whether the patient has a Do Not Resuscitate (DNR), Do Not Intubate (DNI) or both at any time during the hospital encounter.

Codes and Values:

1 = DNR

2 = DNI

0 = None

- This may be present on admission/arrival (POA).
- This may be present at any time during the hospital encounter.
- Report all that apply.
- Each value will be separated by a colon (:).
- For example:
 - o To report multiple elements: 1:2

Dataset Segment:	Comorbidity/Risk Factor Variables
Data Element Name:	Patient Care Considerations Date
Template Variable:	patient_care_considerations_date
Format – Length:	Date – 10
Mandatory:	<mark>Yes</mark>

Indicate the earliest date associated with *patient_care_considerations*.

Codes and Values:

Enter the Patient Care Considerations Date.

- Format must be YYYY-MM-DD
 - a. YYYY = four-digit year
 - b. MM = two-digit month (01 = January, etc.)
 - c. DD = two-digit day of month (01 through 31)
- Example: November 3, 1959 = 1959-11-03
- If multiple values selected for <u>patient_care_considerations</u>, report the earliest date/time associated with the value(s).
- Patient Care Considerations Date is mandatory. In rare instances, when values are truly unattainable from the EHR, report missing values as blank.

Dataset Segment:	Comorbidity/Risk Factor Variables
Data Element Name:	Pregnancy Comorbidity (POA)
Template Variable:	pregnancy_comorbidity <mark>_poa</mark>
Format – Length:	Enumerated – 1
Mandatory:	Yes

Indicates that the patient has a pregnancy-related comorbidity present on or prior to admission/arrival to the hospital. This may or may not be evident as a yes on the present on admission indicator as an ICD-10-CM code at or on arrival. Since the intent is to capture all codes not just final billed ICD-10-CMs, a POA indicator may not be available for all cases.

Codes and Values:

0 = No

1 = Yes

- Source is not limited to the billing codes. This information can be obtained from other EHR sources, such as the problem list, medical history, etc.
- Must be "0" if Pregnancy Status During Hospitalization is "0"
- Please see Appendix 1AA for a list of applicable ICD-10-CM codes.
- Report "1", if the patient has one or more of the ICD-10-CM codes listed in the referenced appendix.
- Report "0", if the patient does not have one of the ICD-10-CM codes listed in the referenced appendix.

Dataset Segment:	Comorbidity/Risk Factor Variables
Data Element Name:	Pregnancy Status During Hospitalization
Template Variable:	pregnancy_status
Format – Length:	Enumerated – 1
Mandatory:	Yes

Indicates the patient is pregnant, in childbirth, or postpartum on arrival to the hospital (POA) or during hospitalization.

Codes and Values:

0 = No

1 = Yes

- Source is not limited to the billing codes. This information can be obtained from other EHR sources, such as the problem list, medical history, tests/labs, etc.
- This can be a POA or not a POA variable.
- Please see Appendix 1AB for a list of applicable ICD-10-CM codes.
- Report "1", if the patient has one or more of the ICD-10-CM codes listed in the referenced appendix.
- Report "Yes" if detection of human chorionic gonadotropic (hCG) in the urine or blood test (lab value).
- Report "0", if the patient does not have one of the ICD-10-CM codes listed in the referenced appendix or does not have detection of human chorionic gonadotropic (hCG) in the urine or blood test (lab value).

Dataset Segment:	Comorbidity/Risk Factor Variables
Data Element Name:	Prematurity <mark>(POA)</mark>
Template Variable:	prematurity <mark>_poa</mark>
Format – Length:	Enumerated – 1
Mandatory:	Yes

Indicates that the patient was born before 37 weeks of pregnancy (preterm birth) present on or prior to admission/arrival to the hospital. This may or may not be evident as a yes on the present on admission indicator as an ICD-10-CM code at or on arrival. Since the intent is to capture all codes not just final billed ICD-10-CMs, a POA indicator may not be available for all cases.

Codes and Values:

0 = No

1 = Yes

2 = NA, Patient > 1-year-old

- Source is not limited to the billing codes. This information can be obtained from other EHR sources, such as the problem list, medical history, etc.
- Please see Appendix 1AC for a list of applicable ICD-10-CM codes.
- Report "1", if the patient has one or more of the ICD-10-CM codes listed in the referenced appendix.
- Report "0", if the patient does not have one of the ICD-10-CM codes listed in the referenced appendix.
- If the patient is greater than 1-year-old, do not specify whether the patient has a history of prematurity. Report these cases as Value "2."

Dataset Segment:	Comorbidity/Risk Factor Variables
Data Element Name:	Sickle Cell Disease <mark>(POA)</mark>
Template Variable:	sickle_cell_disease <mark>_poa</mark>
Format – Length:	Enumerated – 1
Mandatory:	Yes

Indicates that the patient has Sickle Cell Disease present on or prior to admission/arrival to the hospital. This may or may not be evident as a yes on the present on admission indicator as an ICD-10-CM code at or on arrival. Since the intent is to capture all codes not just final billed ICD-10-CMs, a POA indicator may not be available for all cases.

Codes and Values:

0 = No

1 = Yes

- Source is not limited to the billing codes. This information can be obtained from other EHR sources, such as the problem list, medical history, etc.
- Please see Appendix 1AD for a list of applicable ICD-10-CM codes.
- Report "1", if the patient has one or more of the ICD-10-CM codes listed in the referenced appendix.
- Report "0", if the patient does not have one of the ICD-10-CM codes listed in the referenced appendix.

Dataset Segment:	Comorbidity/Risk Factor Variables
Data Element Name:	Skin Disorders/Burns <mark>(POA)</mark>
Template Variable:	skin_disorders_burns <mark>_poa</mark>
Format – Length:	Set– maximum <mark>3</mark> codes
Mandatory:	Yes

Indicates that the patient had one or more of the following skin disorders or burns present on or prior to admission/arrival to the hospital. This may or may not be evident as a yes on the present on admission indicator as an ICD-10-CM code at or on arrival. Since the intent is to capture all codes not just final billed ICD-10-CMs, a POA indicator may not be available for all cases.

Codes and Values:

0 = None

1 = Epidermolysis bullosa

2 = Burn/Corrosion of skin

3 = Frostbite

- Source is not limited to the billing codes. This information can be obtained from other EHR sources, such as the problem list, medical history, etc.
- Report all that apply.
- Each value will be separated by a colon (:).
- For example:
 - o To report multiple elements: 1:2
- Please see Appendix 1AE for a list of applicable ICD-10-CM codes.

Dataset Segment:	Comorbidity/Risk Factor Variables
Data Element Name:	Smoking Vaping <mark>(POA)</mark>
Template Variable:	smoking_vaping <mark>_poa</mark>
Format – Length:	Enumerated – 1
Mandatory:	Yes

Indicates that the patient is a current smoker and/or a current vaper present on or prior to admission/arrival to the hospital. This may or may not be evident as a yes on the present on admission indicator as an ICD-10-CM code at or on arrival. Since the intent is to capture all codes not just final billed ICD-10-CMs, a POA indicator may not be available for all cases.

Codes and Values:

0 = No

1 = Yes

- Source is not limited to the billing codes. This information can be obtained from other EHR sources, such as the problem list, medical history, etc.
- Please see Appendix 1AF for a list of applicable ICD-10-CM codes.
- Report "1", if the patient has one or more of the ICD-10-CM codes listed in the referenced appendix.
- Report "0", if the patient does not have one of the ICD-10-CM codes listed in the referenced appendix.

Dataset Segment:	Comorbidity/Risk Factor Variables
Data Element Name:	Stem Cell Transplant Recipients (POA)
Template Variable:	stem_cell_transplant_recipients <mark>_poa</mark>
Format – Length:	Enumerated – 1
Mandatory:	Yes

Indicates that the patient is a stem cell transplant recipient present on or prior to admission/arrival to the hospital. This may or may not be evident as a yes on the present on admission indicator as an ICD-10-CM code at or on arrival. Since the intent is to capture all codes not just final billed ICD-10-CMs, a POA indicator may not be available for all cases.

Codes and Values:

0 = No

1 = Yes

- Source is not limited to the billing codes. This information can be obtained from other EHR sources, such as the problem list, medical history, etc.
- Please see Appendix 1AG for a list of applicable ICD-10-CM codes.
- Report "1", if the patient has one or more of the ICD-10-CM codes listed in the referenced appendix.
- Report "0", if the patient does not have one of the ICD-10-CM codes listed in the referenced appendix.

Clinical Variables

Dataset Segment:	Clinical Variables
Data Element Name:	COVID-19 Exposure
Template Variable:	covid_exposure
Format – Length:	Enumerated – 1
Mandatory:	Yes

Indicates the patient has exposure to COVID-19.

Codes and Values:

0 = No Positive COVID-19 exposure

1 = Positive COVID-19 exposure

- Please see Appendix 2A for a list of applicable ICD-10-CM codes.
- Report "1", if the patient has one or more of the ICD-10-CM codes listed in the referenced appendix.
- Report "0", if the patient does not have one of the ICD-10-CM codes listed in the referenced appendix.

Dataset Segment:	Clinical Variables
Data Element Name:	COVID-19 Virus
Template Variable:	covid_virus
Format – Length:	Enumerated – 1
Mandatory:	Yes

Indicates COVID-19 virus is identified or not identified.

Codes and Values:

0 = COVID-19, virus not identified 1 = COVID-19, virus identified

- This applies to both present on admission/arrival (POA) or acquired during hospitalization.
- Please see Appendix 2B for a list of applicable ICD-10-CM codes.
- Report "1", if the patient has one or more of the ICD-10-CM codes listed in the referenced appendix.
- Report "0", if the patient does not have one of the ICD-10-CM codes listed in the referenced appendix.

Dataset Segment:	Clinical Variables
Data Element Name:	Drug Resistant Pathogen
Template Variable:	drug_resistant_pathogen
Format – Length:	Enumerated – 1
Mandatory:	Yes

Indicates that the patient has resistance to an antimicrobial drug.

Codes and Values:

0 = No

1 = Yes

- Please see Appendix 2C for a list of applicable ICD-10-CM codes.
- Report "1", if the patient has one or more of the ICD-10-CM codes listed in the referenced appendix.
- Report "0", if the patient does not have one of the ICD-10-CM codes listed in the referenced appendix.

Dataset Segment:	Clinical Variables
Data Element Name:	Flu Positive
Template Variable:	flu_positive
Format – Length:	Enumerated – 1
Mandatory:	Yes

Indicates that the patient has a positive flu test present on admission/arrival or during the hospitalization.

Codes and Values:

0 = No

1 = Yes

- POA and/or during hospitalization
- Please see Appendix 2D for a list of applicable codes.
- Report "1", if the patient has one or more of the codes listed in the referenced appendix.
- Report "1", if the patient has a positive influenza virus test (lab value).
- Report "0", if the patient does not have one of the ICD-10-CM codes listed in the referenced appendix or does not have a positive influenza virus test (lab value).

Dataset Segment:	Clinical Variables
Data Element Name:	Suspected Source of Infection
Template Variable:	suspected_source_of_infection
Format – Length:	Set – maximum 12 codes
Mandatory:	Yes

The suspected source of infection.

Codes and Values:

- 1 = Septicemia
- 2 = Bacteremia
- 3 = Fungal infection
- 4 = Peritoneal infection
- 5 = Heart infection
- 6 = Upper respiratory infection
- 7 = Lung infection
- 8 = Central nervous system infection
- 9 = Gastrointestinal infection
- 10 = Genitourinary infection
- 11 = Soft tissue infection
- 12 = Other infection source
- 13 = Unknown

- Please see Appendix 2E for a list of applicable ICD-10-CM codes.
- If there is not an identified source of infection as specified in Appendix 2E, then report "unknown".
 - Note that "other infection source" is defined in the ICD-10-CM codes provided in the appendix.
- Report all that apply.
- Each value will be separated by a colon (:).
- For example:
 - o To report multiple elements: 2:9:12

Treatment (in hospital) Variables

Dataset Segment:	Treatment (<mark>in hospital</mark>) Variables
Data Element Name:	Dialysis Treatment
Template Variable:	dialysis_treatment
Format – Length:	Enumerated – 1
Mandatory:	Yes

Indicates that the patient has an order for dialysis during the hospitalization.

Codes and Values:

0 = No

1 = Yes

- Combination of ICD-10-PCS or an order from the electronic health record (EHR).
- Please see Appendix 3A for a list of applicable ICD-10-PCS codes.
- Report "1", if the patient has one or more of the ICD-10-PCS codes listed in the referenced appendix.
- Report "1", if the patient has an order for dialysis in the EHR even if they do not have one of the ICD-10-PCS codes listed in the referenced appendix.
- Report "0", if the patient does not have one of the ICD-10-PCS codes listed in the referenced appendix or does not have an order for dialysis in the EHR.

Dataset Segment:	Treatment (<mark>in hospital</mark>) Variables
Data Element Name:	During Hospital Anticoagulation
Template Variable:	during_hospital_anticoagulation
Format – Length:	Number – 1
Mandatory:	Yes

Indicates that the patient has an order for anticoagulation medication during the hospitalization.

Codes and Values:

0 = No

1 = Yes

- Please see Appendix 1V for a list of applicable medications and NDC codes.
- Report "1", if the patient has one or more of the medications or NDC codes listed in the referenced appendix.
- Report "0", if the patient does not have one of the medications or NDC codes listed in the referenced appendix.

Dataset Segment:	Treatment (<mark>in hospital</mark>) Variables
Data Element Name:	During Hospital Immune Modifying Medication
Template Variable:	during_hospital_immune_mod_med
Format – Length:	Number – 1
Mandatory:	Yes

Indicates that the patient has an order for immune-modifying medication during the hospitalization.

Codes and Values:

0 = No

1 = Yes

- Please see Appendix 1W for a list of applicable medications and NDC codes.
- Report "1", if the patient has one or more of the medications or NDC codes listed in the referenced appendix.
- Report "0", if the patient does not have one of the medications or NDC codes listed in the referenced appendix.

Dataset Segment:	Treatment (<mark>in hospital</mark>) Variables
Data Element Name:	During Hospital Remdesivir
Template Variable:	during_hospital_remdesivir
Format – Length:	Number – 1
Mandatory:	Yes

Indicates the patient has an order for remdesivir during the hospitalization.

Codes and Values:

0 = No

1 = Yes

Notes for Abstraction:

• Generic: Remdesivir

• Brand name: Veklury and GS-5734

- Please see Appendix 3B for a list of applicable ICD-10-PCS codes.
- Report "1", if the patient has one or more of the ICD-10-PCS codes listed in the referenced appendix.
- Report "1", if the patient has an order for the medication listed in the referenced appendix.
- Report "0", if the patient does not have one of the ICD-10-PCS codes or the medication listed in the referenced appendix.

Dataset Segment:	Treatment (<mark>in hospital</mark>) Variables
Data Element Name:	ECMO
Template Variable:	ecmo
Format – Length:	Enumerated – 1
Mandatory:	Yes

Indicates the patient has an order for extracorporeal membrane oxygenation (ECMO) during the hospitalization.

Codes and Values:

0 = No

1 = Yes

- Combination of ICD-10-PCS or an order from the electronic health record (EHR).
- Please see Appendix 3C for a list of applicable ICD-10-PCS codes.
- Report "1", if the patient has one or more of the ICD-10-PCS codes listed in the referenced appendix.
- Report "1", if the patient has an order ECMO in the EHR even if they do not have one of the ICD-10-PCS codes listed in the referenced appendix.
- Report "0", if the patient does not have one of the ICD-10-PCS codes listed in the referenced appendix or does not have an order for ECMO in the EHR.

Dataset Segment:	Treatment (<mark>in hospital</mark>) Variables
Data Element Name:	High Flow Nasal Cannula
Template Variable:	high_flow_nasal_cannula
Format – Length:	Enumerated – 1
Mandatory:	Yes

Indicates the patient has an order for high flow nasal cannula at any time during the hospitalization.

Codes and Values:

0 = No

1 = Yes

- Report "1" when the patient has an order for high flow nasal cannula at any time during the hospital encounter.
- Report "0", if the patient does not have an order for high flow nasal cannula at any time during the hospital encounter.

Dataset Segment:	Treatment (<mark>in hospital</mark>) Variables
Data Element Name:	IVIG
Template Variable:	ivig
Format – Length:	Enumerated – 1
Mandatory:	Yes

Indicates the patient has an order for intravenous immunoglobulin (IVIG) during the hospitalization.

Codes and Values:

0 = No

1 = Yes

- Combination of ICD-10-PCS or an order from the electronic health record (EHR).
- Please see Appendix 3D for a list of applicable ICD-10-PCS codes.
- Report "1", if the patient has one or more of the ICD-10-PCS codes listed in the referenced appendix.
- Report "1", if the patient has an order IVIG in the EHR even if they do not have one of the ICD-10-PCS codes listed in the referenced appendix.
- Report "0", if the patient does not have one of the ICD-10-PCS codes listed in the referenced appendix or does not have an order for IVIG in the EHR.

Dataset Segment:	Treatment (<mark>in hospital</mark>) Variables
Data Element Name:	Mechanical Ventilation Treatment
Template Variable:	mechanical_vent_treatment
Format – Length:	Enumerated – 1
Mandatory:	Yes

Indicates the patient has an order for mechanical ventilation at any time during the hospitalization.

Codes and Values:

0 = No

1 = Yes

- Combination of ICD-10-PCS or an order from the electronic health record (EHR).
- Please see Appendix 3E for a list of applicable ICD-10-PCS codes.
- Report "1", if the patient has one or more of the ICD-10-PCS codes listed in the referenced appendix.
- Report "1", if the patient has an order for mechanical ventilation in the EHR even if they do not have one of the ICD-10-PCS codes listed in the referenced appendix.
- Report "0", if the patient does not have one of the ICD-10-PCS codes listed in the referenced appendix or does not have an order for mechanical ventilation in the EHR.

Dataset Segment:	Treatment (<mark>in hospital</mark>) Variables
Data Element Name:	Non-Invasive Positive Pressure Ventilation
Template Variable:	non_invasive_pos_pressure_vent
Format – Length:	Enumerated – 1
Mandatory:	Yes

Indicates the patient has an order for non-invasive-positive pressure ventilation (CPAP, BiPAP) during the hospitalization.

Codes and Values:

0 = No

1 = Yes

- Combination of ICD-10-PCS or an order from the electronic health record (EHR).
- Please see Appendix 3F for a list of applicable ICD-10-PCS codes.
- Report "1", if the patient has one or more of the ICD-10-PCS codes listed in the referenced appendix.
- Report "1", if the patient has an order for non-invasive positive pressure ventilation in the EHR even if they do not have one of the ICD-10-PCS codes listed in the referenced appendix.
- Report "0", if the patient does not have one of the ICD-10-PCS codes listed in the referenced appendix or does not have an order for non-invasive positive pressure ventilation in the EHR.

Dataset Segment:	Treatment (<mark>in hospital</mark>) Variables
Data Element Name:	Vasopressor Administration
Template Variable:	vasopressor_administration
Format – Length:	Enumerated – 1
Mandatory:	Yes

Indicates the patient has an order for vasopressors during the hospitalization.

Codes and Values:

0 = No

1 = Yes

- Please see Appendix 3G for a list of applicable medications and NDC codes.
- Report "1", if the patient has one or more of the medications or NDC codes listed in the referenced appendix.
- Report "0", if the patient does not have one of the medications or NDC codes listed in the referenced appendix.

Outcome (at discharge) Variables

Dataset Segment:	Outcome (at discharge) Variables
Data Element Name:	Cardiovascular Outcomes at Discharge
Template Variable:	cv_outcomes_at_discharge
Format – Length:	Set – maximum of 4 codes
Mandatory:	Yes

Indicates the patient had one or more of the following cardiovascular outcomes at the date of discharge.

Codes and Values:

0 = None

1 = Acute coronary syndrome

2 = Ischemic stroke

3 = Myocarditis secondary to COVID-19

4 = Cardiomyopathy

- Report all that apply at the date of discharge.
- Each value will be separated by a colon (:).
- For example:
 - o To report multiple elements: 1:2:3
- Please see Appendix 4A for a list of applicable ICD-10-CM codes.

Dataset Segment:	Outcome (at discharge) Variables
Data Element Name:	Dialysis Outcome
Template Variable:	dialysis_outcome
Format – Length:	Enumerated – 1
Mandatory:	Yes

Indicates that the patient is discharged on dialysis.

Codes and Values:

0 = No

1 = Yes

- If there was a patient order to have dialysis at discharge as evidenced by dialysis on the discharge date, report "1."
- Please see Appendix 4B for a list of applicable ICD-10-CM codes.
- Report "1", if the patient has the ICD-10-CM code listed in the referenced appendix on the date of discharge.
- Report "0", if the patient does not have the ICD-10-CM code listed in the referenced appendix on the date of discharge.

Dataset Segment:	Outcome (at discharge) Variables
Data Element Name:	Mechanical Ventilation Outcome
Template Variable:	mechanical_vent_outcome
Format – Length:	Enumerated – 1
Mandatory:	Yes

Indicates the patient is discharged on mechanical ventilation.

Codes and Values:

0 = No

1 = Yes

- If there was a patient order to have mechanical ventilation at discharge as evidenced by mechanical ventilation on the discharge date, report "1".
- Please see Appendix 4C for a list of applicable ICD-10-CM codes. Report "1", if the patient has the ICD-10-CM code listed in the referenced appendix on the date of discharge.
- Report "0", if the patient does not have the ICD-10-CM code listed in the referenced appendix on the date of discharge.

Dataset Segment:	Outcome (at discharge) Variables
Data Element Name:	Neurological Outcome
Template Variable:	neurological_outcome
Format – Length:	Set – maximum of 2 codes
Mandatory:	Yes

Indicates the patient is discharged with neurological outcome(s).

Codes and Values:

0 = No Neurological outcome

1 = Neuropathy

2 = Myopathy

- Report all that apply at the date of discharge.
- Each value will be separated by a colon (:).
- For example:
 - o To report multiple elements: 1:2
- Please see Appendix 4D for a list of applicable ICD-10-CM codes.

Outcome (in hospital) Variables

Dataset Segment:	Outcome (in hospital) Variables
Data Element Name:	Cardiovascular Outcomes in Hospital
Template Variable:	cv_outcomes_in_hospital
Format – Length:	Set – maximum of 4 codes
Mandatory:	Yes

Indicates the patient had one or more of the following cardiovascular outcomes during the hospitalization.

Codes and Values:

0 = None

1 = Acute coronary syndrome

2 = Ischemic stroke

3 = Myocarditis secondary to COVID-19

4 = Cardiomyopathy

- Report all that apply.
- Each value will be separated by a colon (:).
- For example:
 - o To report multiple elements: 1:2:3
- Please see Appendix 5A for a list of applicable ICD-10-CM codes.

Dataset Segment:	Outcome (in hospital) Variables
Data Element Name:	ICU During Hospitalization
Template Variable:	icu_during_hospitalization
Format – Length:	Enumerated – 1
Mandatory:	Yes

Indicate if the patient was admitted to the Intensive Care Unit (NICU; PICU; ICU; MICU; SICU; CCU; Neuro-ICU) during the hospitalization.

Codes and Values:

0 = No

1 = Yes

- Report "1", if the patient was admitted at any time to the ICU during the hospital admission.
- Report "0", if the patient was not admitted to the ICU during the hospital admission.

Dataset Segment:	Outcome (in hospital) Variables
Data Element Name:	PE/DVT
Template Variable:	pe_dvt
Format – Length:	Enumerated – 1
Mandatory:	Yes

Indicates the patient had a pulmonary embolism (PE) and/or deep venous thrombosis (DVT) during the hospitalization.

Codes and Values:

0 = No

1 = Yes

- Please see Appendix 5B for a list of applicable ICD-10-CM codes.
- Report "1", if the patient has one or more of the ICD-10-CM codes listed in the referenced appendix.
- Report "0", if the patient does not have one of the ICD-10-CM codes listed in the referenced appendix.

Severity Variables

Dataset Segment:	Severity Variables
Data Element Name:	aPTT 1
Template Variable:	aptt_1
Format – Length:	String – 8
Mandatory:	<mark>Yes</mark>

Indicates the first activated partial thromboplastin time (aPTT) level collected after arrival to the hospital.

Dataset Segment:	Severity Variables
Data Element Name:	aPTT 2
Template Variable:	aptt_2
Format – Length:	String – 8
Mandatory:	<mark>Yes</mark>

Description:

Indicates the second aPTT value collected after arrival to the hospital.

Dataset Segment:	Severity Variables	
Data Element Name:	aPTT 3	
Template Variable:	aptt_3	
Format – Length:	String – 8	
Mandatory:	<mark>Yes</mark>	

Description:

Indicates the third aPTT level collected after arrival to the hospital.

Dataset Segment:	Severity Variables
Data Element Name:	aPTT Max
Template Variable:	aptt_max
Format – Length:	String – 8
Mandatory:	<mark>Yes</mark>

Description:

Indicates the first maximum aPTT value collected after arrival to the hospital.

Codes and Values:

Enter the aPTT levels.

- aPTT 1/2/3/Max are mandatory. In rare instances, when values are truly unattainable from the EHR, report missing values as blank.
- For all labs, if the initial lab collected was contaminated or determined questionable (e.g., did not result), report the result of the subsequent lab collected.
- When there are multiple identical MAX values, report the first one after the patient's arrival to the hospital
- Must be reported to one decimal place (example 19.8). For example, 30.7 or 30.0; place hold with 0.
 - o If your EHR allows the capture and the extraction of "<" (less than) or ">" (greater than) sign for this lab, please report "<" (less than) or ">" (greater than) sign with the value as well. If your EHR does not capture this, you may simply report the numeric value. For example, <0.1, should be reported as <0.1.
- If the aPTT level was reported by the lab with more than one decimal place, use the rules of rounding to convert the number to one decimal place.
- Do not just truncate the number in order to convert it to one decimal place.
- Examples of rounding the aPTT level results:
 - o 30.48 is rounded to 30.5
 - 45.43 is rounded to 45.4
 - o 61.75 is rounded to 61.8
 - o 55.97 is rounded to 56.0
 - NOT CORRECT: 61.75 is truncated to 61.7 (this should be rounded to 61.8)

Dataset Segment:	Severity Variables
Data Element Name:	aPTT Datetime 1
Template Variable:	aptt_dt_1
Format – Length:	Datetime – 16
Mandatory:	<mark>Yes</mark>

Indicates the date and time of the first aPTT level collected after the patient's arrival to the hospital.

Dataset Segment:	Severity Variables
Data Element Name:	aPTT Datetime 2
Template Variable:	aptt_dt_2
Format – Length:	Datetime – 16
Mandatory:	<mark>Yes</mark>

Description:

Indicates the date and time of the second aPTT level collected after the patient's arrival to the hospital.

Dataset Segment:	Severity Variables
Data Element Name:	aPTT Datetime 3
Template Variable:	aptt_dt_3
Format – Length:	Datetime – 16
Mandatory:	<mark>Yes</mark>

Description:

Indicates the date and time of the third aPTT level collected after the patient's arrival to the hospital.

Dataset Segment:	Severity Variables
Data Element Name:	aPTT Datetime Max
Template Variable:	aptt_dt_max
Format – Length:	Datetime – 16
Mandatory:	<mark>Yes</mark>

Indicates the date and time of the first maximum aPTT level collected after the patient's arrival to the hospital.

Codes and Values:

Enter the aPTT Datetimes.

Notes for Abstraction:

- aPTT 1/2/3/Max Datetimes are mandatory. In rare instances, when values are truly unattainable from the EHR, report missing values as blank.
- If any aPTT is reported then the datetime for the aPTT should be reported. For example, if aPTT 1 has a value, then aPTT Datetime 1 should not be blank.
- For all labs, if the initial lab collected was contaminated or determined questionable (e.g., did not result), report the result and the date and time of the subsequent lab collected.
- When there are multiple identical MAX values, report the first one after the patient's arrival to the hospital.
- This element belongs to Organ Dysfunction Hematologic.

• Formatting:

- 1. Format must be YYYY-MM-DD hh:mm
 - a. YYYY-MM-DDThh:mm is also valid
- 2. YYYY = four-digit year

MM = two-digit month (01 = January, etc.)

DD = two-digit day of month (01 through 31)

hh = two digits of hour (00 through 23) (am/pm NOT allowed)

mm = two digits of minute (00 through 59)

- 3. Example: 11:42 pm November 3, 1959 = 1959-11-03 23:42
 - a. 1959-11-03T23:42 is also valid
- 4. Midnight = 00:00, **NOT** 24:00

Dataset Segment:	Severity Variables
Data Element Name:	Bilirubin Arrival
Template Variable:	bilirubin_arrival
Format – Length:	String – 6
Mandatory:	Yes The Property of the Proper

Indicates the first total bilirubin level collected after the patient's arrival to the hospital.

Dataset Segment:	Severity Variables
Data Element Name:	Bilirubin Max
Template Variable:	Bilirubin_max
Format – Length:	String – 6
Mandatory:	<mark>Yes</mark>

Description:

Indicates the first maximum total bilirubin level collected after arrival to the hospital.

Codes and Values:

Enter the actual total bilirubin level. Convert the units to mg/dL if needed.

- Bilirubin Arrival/Max are mandatory. In rare instances, when values are truly unattainable from the EHR, report missing values as blank.
- For all labs, if the initial lab collected was contaminated or determined questionable (e.g., did not result), report the result of the subsequent lab collected.
- When there are multiple identical MAX values, report the first one after the patient's arrival to the hospital.
- Must be reported to one decimal place (example 2.8).
 - If your EHR allows the capture and the extraction of "<" (less than) or ">" (greater than) sign for this lab, please report "<" (less than) or ">" (greater than) sign with the value as well. If your EHR does not capture this, you may simply report the numeric value. For example, <0.1, should be reported as <0.1.
- If the total bilirubin level was reported by the lab with more than one decimal place, use the rules of rounding to convert the number to one decimal place.
- Do not just truncate the number in order to convert it to one decimal place.
- Examples of rounding total bilirubin level results:

- o 2.51 is rounded to 2.5
- o .75 is rounded to .8
- o 1.97 is rounded to 2.0
- o **NOT CORRECT:** .75 is truncated to .7 (this should be rounded to .8)

Dataset Segment:	Severity Variables
Data Element Name:	Bilirubin Arrival Datetime
Template Variable:	bilirubin_arrival_dt
Format – Length:	Datetime – 16
Mandatory:	<mark>Yes</mark>

Indicates the date and time of the first total bilirubin collected after the patient's arrival to the hospital.

Dataset Segment:	Severity Variables
Data Element Name:	Bilirubin Max Datetime
Template Variable:	bilirubin_max_dt
Format – Length:	Datetime – 16
Mandatory:	<mark>Yes</mark>

Description:

Indicates the date and time of the first maximum bilirubin level collected after arrival to the hospital.

Codes and Values:

Enter the total Bilirubin Datetimes.

Notes for Abstraction:

- Bilirubin Arrival/Max Datetimes are mandatory. In rare instances, when values are truly unattainable from the EHR, report missing values as blank.
- If any Organ Dysfunction Hepatic is reported then the datetime for Organ Dysfunction Hepatic should be reported. For example, if *Bilirubin Arrival* has a value, *Bilirubin Arrival Datetime* should not be blank.
- For all labs, if the initial lab collected was contaminated or determined questionable (e.g., did not result), report the result and the date and time of the subsequent lab collected.
- When there are multiple identical MAX values, report the first one after the patient's arrival to the hospital.

• Formatting:

- 1. Format must be YYYY-MM-DD hh:mm
 - a. YYYY-MM-DDThh:mm is also valid

- 2. YYYY = four-digit year
 - MM = two-digit month (01 = January, etc.)
 - DD = two-digit day of month (01 through 31)
 - hh = two digits of hour (00 through 23) (am/pm NOT allowed)
 - mm = two digits of minute (00 through 59)
- 3. Example: 11:42 pm November 3, 1959 = 1959-11-03 23:42
 - a. 1959-11-03T23:42 is also valid
- 4. Midnight = 00:00, **NOT** 24:00

Dataset Segment:	Severity Variables
Data Element Name:	Creatinine Arrival
Template Variable:	creatinine_arrival
Format – Length:	String – 4
Mandatory:	<mark>Yes</mark>

Indicates the first creatinine level collected after the patient's arrival to the hospital.

Dataset Segment:	Severity Variables
Data Element Name:	Creatinine Max
Template Variable:	creatinine_max
Format – Length:	String – 4
Mandatory:	<mark>Yes</mark>

Description:

Indicates the first maximum creatinine level collected after the patient's arrival to the hospital.

Codes and Values:

Enter the actual creatinine level. Convert the units to mg/dL if needed.

- Creatinine Arrival/Max and corresponding datetimes are mandatory. In rare instances, when values are truly unattainable from the EHR, report missing values as blank.
- For all labs, if the initial lab collected was contaminated or determined questionable (e.g., did not result), report the result of the subsequent lab collected.
- When there are multiple identical MAX values, report the first one after the patient's arrival to the hospital.
- Must be reported to one decimal place (example 2.8).
 - o If your EHR allows the capture and the extraction of "<" (less than) or ">" (greater than) sign for this lab, please report "<" (less than) or ">" (greater than) sign with the value as well. If your EHR does not capture this, you may simply report the numeric value. For example, <0.1, should be reported as <0.1.
- If the creatinine level was reported by the lab with more than one decimal place, use the rules of rounding to convert the number to one decimal place.
- Do not just truncate the number in order to convert it to one decimal place.
- Examples of rounding creatinine level results:

- o 2.81 is rounded to 2.8
- o 1.75 is rounded to 1.8
- o 1.42 is rounded to 1.4
- o 2.97 is rounded to 3.0
- o NOT CORRECT: 1.75 is truncated to 1.7 (this should be rounded to 1.8)

Dataset Segment:	Severity Variables
Data Element Name:	Creatinine Arrival Datetime
Template Variable:	creatinine_arrival_dt
Format – Length:	Datetime – 16
Mandatory:	<mark>Yes</mark>

Indicates the date and time of the first creatinine level collected after the patient's arrival to the hospital.

Dataset Segment:	Severity Variables
Data Element Name:	Creatinine Max Datetime
Template Variable:	creatinine_max_dt
Format – Length:	Datetime – 16
Mandatory:	<mark>Yes</mark>

Description:

Indicates the date and time of the first maximum creatinine level collected after the patient's arrival to the hospital.

Codes and Values:

Enter the Creatinine Datetimes.

Notes for Abstraction:

- Bilirubin Arrival/Creatinine Arrival Datetime are mandatory. In rare instances, when values are truly unattainable from the EHR, report missing values as blank.
- If any Organ Dysfunction Renal is reported then the datetime for Organ Dysfunction Renal value should be reported. For example, if *Creatininel Arrival* has a value, *Creatinine Renal Arrival Datetime* should not be blank.
- For all labs, if the initial lab collected was contaminated or determined questionable (e.g., did not result), report the result and the date and time of the subsequent lab collected.
- When there are multiple identical MAX values, report the first one after the patient's arrival to the hospital.

• Formatting:

- 1. Format must be YYYY-MM-DD hh:mm
 - a. YYYY-MM-DDThh:mm is also valid

- 2. YYYY = four-digit year
 - MM = two-digit month (01 = January, etc.)
 - DD = two-digit day of month (01 through 31)
 - hh = two digits of hour (00 through 23) (am/pm NOT allowed)
 - mm = two digits of minute (00 through 59)
- 3. Example: 11:42 pm November 3, 1959 = 1959-11-03 23:42
 - a. 1959-11-03T23:42 is also valid
- 4. Midnight = 00:00, **NOT** 24:00

Dataset Segment:	Severity Variables
Data Element Name:	Diastolic First
Template Variable:	diastolic_1
Format – Length:	Number – 3
Mandatory:	Yes

Indicates the patient's first diastolic blood pressure collected after arrival to the hospital.

Dataset Segment:	Severity Variables
Data Element Name:	Diastolic Second
Template Variable:	diastolic _2
Format – Length:	Number – 3
Mandatory:	<mark>Yes</mark>

Description:

Indicate the patient's second diastolic blood pressure collected after arrival to the hospital.

Dataset Segment:	Severity Variables
Data Element Name:	Diastolic Third
Template Variable:	diastolic _3
Format – Length:	Number – 3
Mandatory:	<mark>Yes</mark>

Description:

Indicate the patient's third diastolic blood pressure collected after arrival to the hospital.

Dataset Segment:	Severity Variables
Data Element Name:	Diastolic Min
Template Variable:	diastolic _min
Format – Length:	Number – 3
Mandatory:	<mark>Yes</mark>

Indicates the patient's first minimum diastolic blood pressure collected after arrival to the hospital.

Codes and Values:

Enter the actual Diastolic Values.

- Diastolic values are mandatory. In rare instances, when values are truly unattainable from the EHR, report missing values as blank.
- If any Diastolic is reported then the datetime for the Diastolic value should be reported. For
 example, if *Diastolic Second* has a value, then *Diastolic Second Datetime 2* should not be
 blank.
- For all vital signs (i.e., diastolic pressure, systolic pressure, heart rate, respiratory rate, temperature), if the initial vital sign collected was invalid or determined questionable (e.g., instrumentation error), report the value and the date and time of the subsequent vital sign collected.
- When there are multiple identical MIN values, report the first one after the patient's arrival to the hospital.
- If the blood pressure is measured as mean arterial pressure (MAP), report the subsequent blood pressure measured as systolic/diastolic pressures.
- Hospitals may report blood pressure reading obtained by either blood pressure cuff or arterial line.
- Formatting:
 - 1. Format must be a number up to 3 digits.
 - 2. Example:
 - a. Diastolic blood pressure 80mm Hg should be reported as 80
 - b. Diastolic blood pressure 112 Hg should be reported as 112

Dataset Segment:	Severity Variables
Data Element Name:	Diastolic First Datetime 1
Template Variable:	diastolic _dt_1
Format – Length:	Datetime – 16
Mandatory:	Yes

Indicates the date and time of the first diastolic blood pressure collected after the patient's arrival to the hospital.

Dataset Segment:	Severity Variables
Data Element Name:	Diastolic Second Datetime 2
Template Variable:	diastolic _dt_2
Format – Length:	Datetime – 16
Mandatory:	<mark>Yes</mark>

Description:

Indicates the date and time of the second diastolic blood pressure collected after the patient's arrival to the hospital.

Dataset Segment:	Severity Variables
Data Element Name:	Diastolic Third Datetime 3
Template Variable:	diastolic _dt_3
Format – Length:	Datetime – 16
Mandatory:	<mark>Yes</mark>

Description:

Indicates the date and time of the third diastolic blood pressure collected after the patient's arrival to the hospital.

Dataset Segment:	Severity Variables
Data Element Name:	Diastolic Datetime Min
Template Variable:	diastolic _dt_min
Format – Length:	Datetime – 16
Mandatory:	<mark>Yes</mark>

Indicates the date and time of the first minimum diastolic blood pressure collected after the patient's arrival to the hospital.

Codes and Values:

Enter the Diastolic Datetimes.

Notes for Abstraction:

- Diastolic Datetimes are mandatory. In rare instances when values are truly unattainable from the EHR report missing values as blank.
- If any Diastolic is reported then the datetime for the Diastolic value should be reported. For
 example, if *Diastolic Second* has a value, then *Diastolic Second Datetime 2* should not be
 blank.
- For all vital signs (i.e., diastolic pressure, systolic pressure, heart rate, respiratory rate, temperature), if the initial vital sign collected was invalid or determined questionable (e.g., instrumentation error), report the value and the date and time of the subsequent vital sign collected.
- When there are multiple identical MIN values, report the first one after the patient's arrival to the hospital.
- If the blood pressure is measured as mean arterial pressure (MAP), report the subsequent blood pressure measured as systolic/diastolic pressures.
- Hospitals may report blood pressure reading obtained by either blood pressure cuff or arterial line.
- Formatting:
 - 1. Format must be YYYY-MM-DD hh:mm
 - a. YYYY-MM-DDThh:mm is also valid
 - 2. YYYY = four-digit year

```
MM = two-digit month (01 = January, etc.)
```

DD = two-digit day of month (01 through 31)

hh = two digits of hour (00 through 23) (am/pm NOT allowed)

mm = two digits of minute (00 through 59)

- 3. Example: 11:42 pm November 3, 1959 = 1959-11-03 23:42
 - a. 1959-11-03T23:42 is also valid
- 4. Midnight = 00:00, **NOT** 24:00

Dataset Segment:	Severity Variables
Data Element Name:	INR 1
Template Variable:	inr_1
Format – Length:	String – 4
Mandatory:	<mark>Yes</mark>

Indicates the first INR value collected after the patient's arrival to the hospital.

Dataset Segment:	Severity Variables
Data Element Name:	INR 2
Template Variable:	inr_2
Format – Length:	String – 4
Mandatory:	<mark>Yes</mark>

Description:

Indicates the second INR level collected after the patient's arrival to the hospital.

Dataset Segment:	Severity Variables
Data Element Name:	INR 3
Template Variable:	inr_3
Format – Length:	String – 4
Mandatory:	Yes The State of t

Description:

Indicates the third INR level collected after the patient's arrival to the hospital.

Dataset Segment:	Severity Variables
Data Element Name:	INR Max
Template Variable:	inr_max
Format – Length:	String – 4
Mandatory:	<mark>Yes</mark>

Description:

Indicates the first maximum INR level collected after the patient's arrival to the hospital.

Codes and Values:

Enter the INR level

- INR 1/2/3/Max and corresponding datetimes are mandatory. In rare instances, when values are truly unattainable from the EHR, report missing values as blank.
- For all labs, if the initial lab collected was contaminated or determined questionable (e.g., did not result), report the result of the subsequent lab collected.
- When there are multiple identical MAX values, report the first one after the patient's arrival to the hospital.
- Must be reported to one decimal place (example 1.2 or 11.5).
 - o If your EHR allows the capture and the extraction of "<" (less than) or ">" (greater than) sign for this lab, please report "<" (less than) or ">" (greater than) sign with the value as well. If your EHR does not capture this, you may simply report the numeric value. For example, <0.1, should be reported as <0.1.
- If the INR level was reported by the lab with more than one decimal place, use the rules of rounding to convert the number to one decimal place.
- Do not just truncate the number in order to convert it to one decimal place.
- Examples of rounding INR level results:
 - 2.48 is rounded to 2.5
 - 11.75 is rounded to 11.8
 - 2.97 is rounded to 3.0
 - o **NOT CORRECT:** 11.75 is truncated to 11.7 (this should be rounded to 11.8)

Dataset Segment:	Severity Variables
Data Element Name:	INR Datetime 1
Template Variable:	inr_dt_1
Format – Length:	Datetime – 16
Mandatory:	<mark>Yes</mark>

Indicates the date and time of the first INR level collected after the patient's arrival to the hospital.

Dataset Segment:	Severity Variables
Data Element Name:	INR Datetime 2
Template Variable:	inr_dt_2
Format – Length:	Datetime – 16
Mandatory:	<mark>Yes</mark>

Description:

Indicates the date and time of the second INR level collected after the patient's arrival to the hospital.

Dataset Segment:	Severity Variables
Data Element Name:	INR Datetime 3
Template Variable:	inr_dt_3
Format – Length:	Datetime – 16
Mandatory:	<mark>Yes</mark>

Description:

Indicates the date and time of the third INR collected after the patient's arrival to the hospital.

Dataset Segment:	Severity Variables
Data Element Name:	INR Datetime Max
Template Variable:	inr_dt_max
Format – Length:	Datetime – 16
Mandatory:	<mark>Yes</mark>

Description:

Indicates the date and time of the first maximum INR level collected after the patient's arrival to the hospital.

Codes and Values:

Enter the INR Datetimes.

Notes for Abstraction:

- INR 1/2/3/Max Datetimes are mandatory. In rare instances, when values are truly unattainable from the EHR, report missing values as blank.
- If any INR is reported then the datetime for the INR value should be reported. For example, if *INR 1* has not value, *INR Datetime 1* should not be blank.
- For all labs, if the initial lab collected was contaminated or determined questionable (e.g., did not result), report the result and the date and time of the subsequent lab collected.
- When there are multiple identical MAX values, report the first one after the patient's arrival to the hospital.
- This element belongs to Organ Dysfunction Hematologic.

• Formatting:

- 1. Format must be YYYY-MM-DD hh:mm
 - a. YYYY-MM-DDThh:mm is also valid
- 2. YYYY = four-digit year

MM = two-digit month (01 = January, etc.)

DD = two-digit day of month (01 through 31)

hh = two digits of hour (00 through 23) (am/pm NOT allowed)

mm = two digits of minute (00 through 59)

- 3. Example: 11:42 pm November 3, 1959 = 1959-11-03 23:42
 - a. 1959-11-03T23:42 is also valid
- 4. Midnight = 00:00, **NOT** 24:00

Dataset Segment:	Severity Variables
Data Element Name:	Lactate Level 1
Template Variable:	lactate_level_1
Format – Length:	String – 4
Mandatory:	<mark>Yes</mark>

Indicates the first lactate level collected after the patient's arrival to the hospital.

Dataset Segment:	Severity Variables
Data Element Name:	Lactate Level 2
Template Variable:	lactate_level_2
Format – Length:	String – 4
Mandatory:	<mark>Yes</mark>

Description:

Indicates the second lactate level collected after the patient's arrival to the hospital.

Dataset Segment:	Severity Variables
Data Element Name:	Lactate Level 3
Template Variable:	lactate_level_3
Format – Length:	String – 4
Mandatory:	<mark>Yes</mark>

Description:

Indicates the third lactate level collected after the patient's arrival to the hospital.

Dataset Segment:	Severity Variables
Data Element Name:	Lactate Level Max
Template Variable:	lactate_level_max
Format – Length:	String – 4
Mandatory:	<mark>Yes</mark>

Description:

Indicates the first maximum lactate level collected after the patient's arrival to the hospital.

Codes and Values:

Enter the actual lactate level using the mmol/L value. Convert from mg/dL if needed.

- Lactate Level 1/2/3/Max and corresponding datetimes are mandatory. In rare instances, when values are truly unattainable from the EHR, report missing values as blank.
- For all labs, if the initial lab collected was contaminated or determined questionable (e.g., did not result), report the result of the subsequent lab collected.
- When there are multiple identical MAX values, report the first one after the patient's arrival to the hospital.
- Must be reported to one decimal place (example 5.8).
 - o If your EHR allows the capture and the extraction of "<" (less than) or ">" (greater than) sign for this lab, please report "<" (less than) or ">" (greater than) sign with the value as well. If your EHR does not capture this, you may simply report the numeric value. For example, <0.1, should be reported as <0.1.
- If the lactate level was reported by the lab with more than one decimal place, use the rules of rounding to convert the number to one decimal place.
- Do not just truncate the number in order to convert it to one decimal place.
- Examples of rounding lactate level results:
 - 4.81 is rounded to 4.8
 - 4.85 is rounded to 4.9
 - 4.23 is rounded to 4.2
 - 4.97 is rounded to 5.0
 - NOT CORRECT: 4.85 is truncated to 4.8 (this should be rounded to 4.9)

Dataset Segment:	Severity Variables
Data Element Name:	Lactate Level Datetime 1
Template Variable:	lactate_level_dt_1
Format – Length:	Datetime – 16
Mandatory:	<mark>Yes</mark>

Indicates the date and time of the first lactate level collected after the patient's arrival to the hospital.

Dataset Segment:	Severity Variables
Data Element Name:	Lactate Level Datetime 2
Template Variable:	lactate_level_dt_2
Format – Length:	Datetime – 16
Mandatory:	<mark>Yes</mark>

Description:

Indicates the date and time of the second lactate level collected after the patient's arrival to the hospital.

Dataset Segment:	Severity Variables
Data Element Name:	Lactate Level Datetime 3
Template Variable:	lactate_level_dt_3
Format – Length:	Datetime – 16
Mandatory:	<mark>Yes</mark>

Description:

Indicates the date and time of the third lactate level collected after the patient's arrival to the hospital.

Dataset Segment:	Severity Variables
Data Element Name:	Lactate Level Datetime Max
Template Variable:	lactate_level_dt_max
Format – Length:	Datetime – 16
Mandatory:	<mark>Yes</mark>

Indicates the date and time of the first maximum lactate level collected after the patient's arrival to the hospital.

Codes and Values:

Enter the Lactate Datetimes.

Notes for Abstraction:

- Lactate Level 1/2/3/Max Datetimes are mandatory. In rare instances, when values are truly unattainable from the EHR, report missing values as blank.
- If any Lactate Level is reported then the datetime for the Lactate Level value should be reported. For example, if *Lactate Level 1* has a value, *Lactate Level Datetime 1* should not be blank.
- For all labs, if the initial lab collected was contaminated or determined questionable (e.g., did not result), report the result and the date and time of the subsequent lab collected.
- When there are multiple identical MAX values, report the first one after the patient's arrival to the hospital.

• Formatting:

- 1. Format must be YYYY-MM-DD hh:mm
 - a. YYYY-MM-DDThh:mm is also valid
- 2. YYYY = four-digit year

MM = two-digit month (01 = January, etc.)

DD = two-digit day of month (01 through 31)

hh = two digits of hour (00 through 23) (am/pm NOT allowed)

mm = two digits of minute (00 through 59)

- 3. Example: 11:42 pm November 3, 1959 = 1959-11-03 23:42
 - a. 1959-11-03T23:42 is also valid
- 4. Midnight = 00:00, **NOT** 24:00

Dataset Segment:	Severity Variables
Data Element Name:	Organ Dysfunction Cardiovascular
Template Variable:	organ_dysfunc_cardiovascular
Format – Length:	Enumerated – 1
Mandatory:	Yes

Indicates that the patient has cardiovascular organ dysfunction after arrival to the hospital.

Codes and Values:

0 = No

1 = Yes

- Please see Appendix 6A for a list of applicable ICD-10-CM codes.
- Report "1", if the patient has one or more of the ICD-10-CM codes listed in the referenced appendix.
- Report "0", if the patient does not have one of the ICD-10-CM codes listed in the referenced appendix.

Dataset Segment:	Severity Variables	
Data Element Name:	Organ Dysfunction CNS	
Template Variable:	organ_dysfunc_cns	
Format – Length:	Enumerated – 1	
Mandatory:	Yes	

Indicates that the patient has central nervous system (CNS) organ dysfunction after arrival to the hospital.

Codes and Values:

0 = No

1 = Yes

- Please see Appendix 6B for a list of applicable ICD-10-CM codes.
- Report "1", if the patient has one or more of the ICD-10-CM codes listed in the referenced appendix.
- Report "0", if the patient does not have one of the ICD-10-CM codes listed in the referenced appendix.

Dataset Segment:	Severity Variables
Data Element Name:	Organ Dysfunction Hematologic
Template Variable:	organ_dysfunc_hematologic
Format – Length:	Enumerated – 1
Mandatory:	Yes

Indicates that the patient has hematologic organ dysfunction after arrival to the hospital.

Codes and Values:

0 = No

1 = Yes

- Please see Appendix 6C for a list of applicable ICD-10-CM codes.
- Report "1", if the patient has one or more of the ICD-10-CM codes listed in the referenced appendix.
- Report "0", if the patient does not have one of the ICD-10-CM codes listed in the referenced appendix.

Dataset Segment:	Severity Variables
Data Element Name:	Organ Dysfunction Hepatic
Template Variable:	organ_dysfunc_hepatic
Format – Length:	Enumerated – 1
Mandatory:	Yes

Indicates that the patient has hepatic organ dysfunction after arrival to the hospital.

Codes and Values:

0 = No

1 = Yes

- Please see Appendix 6D for a list of applicable ICD-10-CM codes.
- Report "1", if the patient has one or more of the ICD-10-CM codes listed in the referenced appendix.
- Report "0", if the patient does not have one of the ICD-10-CM codes listed in the referenced appendix.

Dataset Segment:	Severity Variables
Data Element Name:	Organ Dysfunction Renal
Template Variable:	organ_dysfunc_renal
Format – Length:	Enumerated – 1
Mandatory:	Yes

Indicates that the patient has renal organ dysfunction after arrival to the hospital.

Codes and Values:

0 = No

1 = Yes

- Please see Appendix 6E for a list of applicable ICD-10-CM codes.
- Report "1", if the patient has one or more of the ICD-10-CM codes listed in the referenced appendix.
- Report "0", if the patient does not have one of the ICD-10-CM codes listed in the referenced appendix.

Dataset Segment:	Severity Variables
Data Element Name:	Organ Dysfunction Respiratory
Template Variable:	organ_dysfunc_respiratory
Format – Length:	Enumerated – 1
Mandatory:	Yes

Indicates that the patient has respiratory organ dysfunction after arrival to the hospital.

Codes and Values:

0 = No

1 = Yes

- Please see Appendix 6F for a list of applicable ICD-10-CM codes.
- Report "1", if the patient has one or more of the ICD-10-CM codes listed in the referenced appendix.
- Report "0", if the patient does not have one of the ICD-10-CM codes listed in the referenced appendix.

Dataset Segment:	Severity Variables
Data Element Name:	Platelets 1
Template Variable:	platelets_1
Format – Length:	String — 10
Mandatory:	<mark>Yes</mark>

Indicates the first platelet level collected after the patient's arrival to the hospital.

Dataset Segment:	Severity Variables
Data Element Name:	Platelets 2
Template Variable:	platelets_2
Format – Length:	String — 10
Mandatory:	<mark>Yes</mark>

Description:

Indicates the second platelet level collected after the patient's arrival to the hospital.

Dataset Segment:	Severity Variables
Data Element Name:	Platelets 3
Template Variable:	platelets_3
Format – Length:	String — 10
Mandatory:	<mark>Yes</mark>

Description:

Indicates the third platelet level collected after the patient's arrival to the hospital.

Dataset Segment:	Severity Variables
Data Element Name:	Platelets Min
Template Variable:	platelets_min
Format – Length:	String — 10
Mandatory:	<mark>Yes</mark>

Description:

Indicates the first minimum platelet level collected after the patient's arrival to the hospital.

Codes and Values:

Enter the actual Platelet levels. Convert the units to cells/uL if needed.

Notes for Abstraction:

- Platelets 1/2/3/Min and corresponding datetimes are mandatory. In rare instances, when values are truly unattainable from the EHR, report missing values as blank.
- For all labs, if the initial lab collected was contaminated or determined questionable (e.g., did not result), report the result of the subsequent lab collected.
- When there are multiple identical MIN values, please report the first one after the patient's arrival to the hospital.
- If your EHR allows the capture and the extraction of "<" (less than) or ">" (greater than) sign for this lab, please report "<" (less than) or ">" (greater than) sign with the value as well. If your EHR does not capture this, you may simply report the numeric value.
- This element belongs to Organ Dysfunction Hematologic.

Formatting:

- 1. Format must be a string up to 10-digits long.
- 2. Example:
 - a. Platelet 320,000/uL should be reported as 320000
 - b. Platelet 60,000/uL should be reported as 60000

Dataset Segment:	Severity Variables
Data Element Name:	Platelets Datetime 1
Template Variable:	platelets_dt_1
Format – Length:	Datetime – 16
Mandatory:	<mark>Yes</mark>

Indicates the date and time of the first platelet level collected after the patient's arrival to the hospital.

Dataset Segment:	Severity Variables
Data Element Name:	Platelets Datetime 2
Template Variable:	platelets_dt_2
Format – Length:	Datetime – 16
Mandatory:	<mark>Yes</mark>

Description:

Indicates the date and time of the second platelet level collected after the patient's arrival to the hospital.

Dataset Segment:	Severity Variables
Data Element Name:	Platelets Datetime 3
Template Variable:	platelets_dt_3
Format – Length:	Datetime – 16
Mandatory:	<mark>Yes</mark>

Description:

Indicates the date and time of the third platelet level collected after the patient's arrival to the hospital.

Dataset Segment:	Severity Variables
Data Element Name:	Platelets Datetime Min
Template Variable:	platelets_dt_min
Format – Length:	Datetime – 16
Mandatory:	<mark>Yes</mark>

Indicates the date and time of the first minimum platelet level collected after the patient's arrival to the hospital.

Codes and Values:

Enter the Platelet Datetimes.

Notes for Abstraction:

- Platelets 1/2/3/Min Datetimes are mandatory. In rare instances, when values are truly unattainable from the EHR, report missing values as blank.
- If any Platelets are reported then the datetime for the Platelets value should be reported. For example, if *Platelets 1* has a value, *Platelets Datetime 1* should not be blank.
- For all labs, if the initial lab collected was contaminated or determined questionable (e.g., did not result), report the result and the date and time of the subsequent lab collected.
- When there are multiple identical MIN values, report the first one after the patient's arrival to the hospital.
- This element belongs to Organ Dysfunction Hematologic.

• Formatting:

- 1. Format must be YYYY-MM-DD hh:mm
 - a. YYYY-MM-DDThh:mm is also valid
- 2. YYYY = four-digit year

MM = two-digit month (01 = January, etc.)

DD = two-digit day of month (01 through 31)

hh = two digits of hour (00 through 23) (am/pm NOT allowed)

mm = two digits of minute (00 through 59)

- 3. Example: 11:42 pm November 3, 1959 = 1959-11-03 23:42
 - a. 1959-11-03T23:42 is also valid
- 4. Midnight = 00:00, **NOT** 24:00

Dataset Segment:	Severity Variables
Data Element Name:	SIRS Heart Rate 1
Template Variable:	sirs_heartrate_1
Format – Length:	Enumerated— 3
Mandatory:	Yes

Indicates the first heart rate value collected after the patient's arrival to the hospital.

Dataset Segment:	Severity Variables
Data Element Name:	SIRS Heart Rate 2
Template Variable:	sirs_heartrate_2
Format – Length:	Enumerated— 3
Mandatory:	<mark>Yes</mark>

Description:

Indicates the second heart rate value collected after the patient's arrival to the hospital.

Dataset Segment:	Severity Variables
Data Element Name:	SIRS Heart Rate 2
Template Variable:	sirs_heartrate_2
Format – Length:	Enumerated— 3
Mandatory:	<mark>Yes</mark>

Description:

Indicates the third heart rate value collected after the patient's arrival to the hospital.

Dataset Segment:	Severity Variables
Data Element Name:	SIRS Heart Rate Max
Template Variable:	sirs_heartrate_max
Format – Length:	Enumerated— 3
Mandatory:	<mark>Yes</mark>

Description:

Indicates the first maximum heart rate value collected after the patient's arrival to the hospital.

Codes and Values:

Enter the actual heart rate.

Notes for Abstraction:

- Heart Rates are mandatory. In rare instances, when values are truly unattainable from the EHR, report missing values as blank.
- If SIRS Heart Rate 2, SIRS Heart Rate 3, and/or SIRS Heart Rate Max are collected then these values and their corresponding datetimes should be reported.
- For all vital signs (i.e., diastolic pressure, systolic pressure, heart rate, respiratory rate, temperature), if the initial vital sign collected was invalid or determined questionable (e.g., instrumentation error), report the value and the date and time of the subsequent vital sign collected.
- When there are multiple identical MAX values, report the first one after the patient's arrival to the hospital.

Formatting:

- 1. Format must be a number up to 3 digits.
- 2. Example:
 - a. Heart rate/Pulse 100 beats per minutes (bpm) should be reported as 100
 - b. Heart rate/Pulse 43 beats per minutes (bpm) should be reported as 43

Dataset Segment:	Severity Variables
Data Element Name:	SIRS Heart Rate Datetime 1
Template Variable:	sirs_heartrate_dt_1
Format – Length:	Datetime – 16
Mandatory:	Yes

Indicates the date and time of the first heart rate value collected after the patient's arrival to the hospital.

Dataset Segment:	Severity Variables
Data Element Name:	SIRS Heart Rate Datetime 2
Template Variable:	sirs_heartrate_dt_2
Format – Length:	Datetime – 16
Mandatory:	<mark>Yes</mark>

Description:

Indicates the date and time of the second heart rate value collected after the patient's arrival to the hospital.

Dataset Segment:	Severity Variables
Data Element Name:	SIRS Heart Rate Datetime 3
Template Variable:	sirs_heartrate_dt_3
Format – Length:	Datetime – 16
Mandatory:	<mark>Yes</mark>

Description:

Indicates the date and time of the third heart rate value collected after the patient's arrival to the hospital.

Dataset Segment:	Severity Variables
Data Element Name:	SIRS Heart Rate Datetime Max
Template Variable:	sirs_heartrate_dt_max
Format – Length:	Datetime – 16
Mandatory:	<mark>Yes</mark>

Indicates the date and time of the first maximum heart rate value collected after the patient's arrival to the hospital.

Codes and Values:

Enter the Heart Rate Datetimes.

Notes for Abstraction:

- Heart Rate Datetimes are mandatory. In rare instances, when values are truly unattainable from the EHR, report missing values as blank.
- SIRS Heart Rate Datetime 1 is mandatory. However, SIRS Heart Rate Datetime 2, SIRS
 Heart Rate Datetime 3, SIRS Heart Rate Datetime Max are situational because hospitals
 may not always have values to report (i.e., additional values not collected).
- If any Heart Rate is reported then the datetime for the Heart Rate value should be reported. For example, if SIRS Heart Rate 2 has a value, then SIRS Heart Rate Datetime 2 should not be blank.
- For all vital signs (i.e., diastolic pressure, systolic pressure, heart rate, respiratory rate, temperature), if the initial vital sign collected was invalid or determined questionable (e.g., instrumentation error), report the value and the date and time of the subsequent vital sign collected.
- When there are multiple identical MAX values, report the first one after the patient's arrival to the hospital.

Formatting:

- 1. Format must be YYYY-MM-DD hh:mm
 - a. YYYY-MM-DDThh:mm is also valid
- 2. YYYY = four-digit year

MM = two-digit month (01 = January, etc.)

DD = two-digit day of month (01 through 31)

hh = two digits of hour (00 through 23) (am/pm NOT allowed)

mm = two digits of minute (00 through 59)

- 3. Example: 11:42 pm November 3, 1959 = 1959-11-03 23:42
 - a. 1959-11-03T23:42 is also valid
- 4. Midnight = 00:00, **NOT** 24:00

Dataset Segment:	Severity Variables
Data Element Name:	SIRS Leukocyte Arrival
Template Variable:	sirs_leukocyte_arrival
Format – Length:	String — 10
Mandatory:	<mark>Yes</mark>

Indicates the first white blood cell (WBC) level collected after the patient's arrival to the hospital.

Dataset Segment:	Severity Variables
Data Element Name:	SIRS Leukocyte Min
Template Variable:	sirs_leukocyte_min
Format – Length:	String — 10
Mandatory:	<mark>Yes</mark>

Description:

Indicates the first minimum white blood cell (WBC) level collected after the patient's arrival to the hospital.

Dataset Segment:	Severity Variables
Data Element Name:	SIRS Leukocyte Max
Template Variable:	sirs_leukocyte_max
Format – Length:	String — 10
Mandatory:	<mark>Yes</mark>

Description:

Indicates the first maximum white blood cell (WBC) level collected after the patient's arrival to the hospital.

Codes and Values:

Enter the actual White Blood Cell (WBC) counts. Convert the units to cells/uL if needed.

Notes for Abstraction:

• SIRS Leukocyte Arrival/Min/Max and corresponding datetimes are mandatory. In rare instances, when values are truly unattainable from the EHR, report missing values as blank.

- For all labs, if the initial lab collected was contaminated or determined questionable (e.g., did not result), report the result of the subsequent lab collected.
- When there are multiple identical MIN or MAX values, report the first one after the patient's arrival to the hospital.
- If your EHR allows the capture and the extraction of "<" (less than) or ">" (greater than) sign for this lab, please report "<" (less than) or ">" (greater than) sign with the value as well. If your EHR does not capture this, you may simply report the numeric value.

• Formatting:

- 1. Format must be a string up to 10-digits.
- 2. Example:
 - o WBC 100,000/uL should be reported as 100000
 - o WBC 11,500/uL should be reported as 11500
 - o WBC 4,400/uL should be reported as 4400

Dataset Segment:	Severity Variables
Data Element Name:	SIRS Leukocyte Arrival Datetime
Template Variable:	sirs_leukocyte_arrival_dt
Format – Length:	Datetime – 16
Mandatory:	<mark>Yes</mark>

Indicates the date and time of the first white blood cell (WBC) collected after the patient's arrival to the hospital.

Dataset Segment:	Severity Variables
Data Element Name:	SIRS Leukocyte Min Datetime
Template Variable:	sirs_leukocyte_min_dt
Format – Length:	Datetime – 16
Mandatory:	<mark>Yes</mark>

Description

Indicates the date and time of first minimum white blood cell (WBC) level collected after the patient's arrival to the hospital.

Dataset Segment:	Severity Variables
Data Element Name:	SIRS Leukocyte Max Datetime
Template Variable:	sirs_leukocyte_max_dt
Format – Length:	Datetime – 16
Mandatory:	<mark>Yes</mark>

Description

Indicates the date and time of first maximum white blood cell (WBC) level collected after the patient's arrival to the hospital.

Codes and Values:

Enter the Leukocyte Datetimes.

Notes for Abstraction:

• SIRS Leukocyte Arrival/Min/Max Datetimes are mandatory. In rare instances, when values are truly unattainable from the EHR, report missing values as blank.

- If any SIRS Leukocyte is reported then the datetime for the SIRS Leukocyte value should be reported. For example, if SIRS Leukocyte Arrival has a value, SIRS Leukocyte Arrival Datetime should not be blank.
- For all labs, if the initial lab collected was contaminated or determined questionable (e.g., did not result), report the result and the date and time of the subsequent lab collected.
- When there are multiple identical MIN or MAX values, report the first one after the patient's arrival to the hospital.

Formatting:

- 1. Format must be YYYY-MM-DD hh:mm
 - a. YYYY-MM-DDThh:mm is also valid
- 2. YYYY = four-digit year

MM = two-digit month (01 = January, etc.)

DD = two-digit day of month (01 through 31)

hh = two digits of hour (00 through 23) (am/pm NOT allowed)

mm = two digits of minute (00 through 59)

- 3. Example: 11:42 pm November 3, 1959 = 1959-11-03 23:42
 - a. 1959-11-03T23:42 is also valid
- 4. Midnight = 00:00, **NOT** 24:00

Dataset Segment:	Severity Variables
Data Element Name:	SIRS Respiratory Rate 1
Template Variable:	sirs_respiratoryrate_1
Format – Length:	Number — 2
Mandatory:	Yes

Indicates the first respiratory rate value collected after the patient's arrival to the hospital.

Dataset Segment:	Severity Variables
Data Element Name:	SIRS Respiratory Rate 2
Template Variable:	sirs_respiratoryrate_2
Format – Length:	Number — 2
Mandatory:	<mark>Yes</mark>

Description:

Indicates the second respiratory rate value collected after the patient's arrival to the hospital.

Dataset Segment:	Severity Variables
Data Element Name:	SIRS Respiratory Rate 3
Template Variable:	sirs_respiratoryrate_3
Format – Length:	Number — 2
Mandatory:	<mark>Yes</mark>

Description:

Indicates the third respiratory rate value collected after the patient's arrival to the hospital.

Dataset Segment:	Severity Variables
Data Element Name:	SIRS Respiratory Rate Max
Template Variable:	sirs_respiratoryrate_max
Format – Length:	Number — 2
Mandatory:	<mark>Yes</mark>

Description:

Indicates the first maximum respiratory rate value collected after the patient's arrival to the hospital.

Codes and Values:

Enter the actual Respiratory Rates.

Notes for Abstraction:

- Respiratory Rates are mandatory. In rare instances, when values are truly unattainable from the EHR, report missing values as blank.
- If SIRS Respiratory Rate 2, SIRS Respiratory Rate 3, and/or SIRS Respiratory Rate Max are collected then these values and their corresponding datetimes should be reported.
- For all vital signs (i.e., diastolic pressure, systolic pressure, heart rate, respiratory rate, temperature), if the initial vital sign collected was invalid or determined questionable (e.g., instrumentation error), report the value and the date and time of the subsequent vital sign collected.
- When there are multiple identical MAX values, report the first one after the patient's arrival to the hospital.

• Formatting:

- 1. Format must be a number up to 2-digits.
- 2. Example:
 - a. Respiratory rate 12 breaths per minutes (bpm) should be reported as 12
 - b. Respiratory rate 9 breaths per minutes (bpm) should be reported as 9

Dataset Segment:	Severity Variables
Data Element Name:	SIRS Respiratory Rate Datetime 1
Template Variable:	sirs_respiratoryrate_dt_1
Format – Length:	Datetime – 16
Mandatory:	Yes

Indicates the date and time of the first respiratory rate value collected after the patient's arrival to the hospital.

Dataset Segment:	Severity Variables
Data Element Name:	SIRS Respiratory Rate Datetime 2
Template Variable:	sirs_respiratoryrate_dt_2
Format – Length:	Datetime – 16
Mandatory:	<mark>Yes</mark>

Description:

Indicates the date and time of the second respiratory rate value collected after the patient's arrival to the hospital.

Dataset Segment:	Severity Variables
Data Element Name:	SIRS Respiratory Rate Datetime 3
Template Variable:	sirs_respiratoryrate_dt_3
Format – Length:	Datetime – 16
Mandatory:	<mark>Yes</mark>

Description:

Indicates the date and time of the third respiratory rate value collected after the patient's arrival to the hospital.

Dataset Segment:	Severity Variables
Data Element Name:	SIRS Respiratory Rate Datetime Max
Template Variable:	sirs_respiratoryrate_dt_max
Format – Length:	Datetime – 16
Mandatory:	<mark>Yes</mark>

Indicates the date and time of the first maximum respiratory rate value collected after the patient's arrival to the hospital.

Codes and Values:

Enter the Respiratory Datetimes.

Notes for Abstraction:

- Respiratory Datetimes are mandatory. In rare instances, when values are truly unattainable from the EHR, report missing values as blank.
- If any Respiratory Rate is reported then the datetime for the Heart Rate value should be reported. For example, if *SIRS Heart Rate 2* has a value, then *SIRS Heart Rate Datetime 2* should not be blank.
- For all vital signs (i.e., diastolic pressure, systolic pressure, heart rate, respiratory rate, temperature), if the initial vital sign collected was invalid or determined questionable (e.g., instrumentation error), report the value and the date and time of the subsequent vital sign collected.
- When there are multiple identical MAX values, report the first one after the patient's arrival to the hospital.
- Formatting:
 - 1. Format must be YYYY-MM-DD hh:mm
 - a. YYYY-MM-DDThh:mm is also valid
 - 2. YYYY = four-digit year
 - MM = two-digit month (01 = January, etc.)
 - DD = two-digit day of month (01 through 31)
 - hh = two digits of hour (00 through 23) (am/pm NOT allowed)
 - mm = two digits of minute (00 through 59)
 - 3. Example: 11:42 pm November 3, 1959 = 1959-11-03 23:42
 - a. 1959-11-03T23:42 is also valid
 - 4. Midnight = 00:00, **NOT** 24:00

Dataset Segment:	Severity Variables
Data Element Name:	SIRS Temperature 1
Template Variable:	sirs_temperature_1
Format – Length:	Enumerated — 5
Mandatory:	Yes

Indicates the first temperature value collected after the patient's arrival to the hospital.

Dataset Segment:	Severity Variables
Data Element Name:	SIRS Temperature 2
Template Variable:	sirs_temperature_2
Format – Length:	Enumerated — 5
Mandatory:	<mark>Yes</mark>

Description:

Indicates the second temperature value collected after the patient's arrival to the hospital.

Dataset Segment:	Severity Variables
Data Element Name:	SIRS Temperature 3
Template Variable:	sirs_temperature_3
Format – Length:	Enumerated — 5
Mandatory:	<mark>Yes</mark>

Description:

Indicates the third temperature value collected after the patient's arrival to the hospital.

Dataset Segment:	Severity Variables
Data Element Name:	SIRS Temperature Max
Template Variable:	sirs_temperature_max
Format – Length:	Enumerated — 5
Mandatory:	<mark>Yes</mark>

Description:

Indicates the first maximum temperature value collected after the patient's arrival to the hospital.

Codes and Values:

Enter the actual Temperature levels using Fahrenheit. Convert from Celsius if needed.

Notes for Abstraction:

- Temperatures are mandatory. In rare instances, when values are truly unattainable from the EHR, report missing values as blank.
- If SIRS Temperature 2, SIRS Temperature 3, and/or SIRS Temperature Max are collected then these values and their corresponding datetimes should be reported.
- For all vital signs (i.e., diastolic pressure, systolic pressure, heart rate, respiratory rate, temperature), if the initial vital sign collected was invalid or determined questionable (e.g., instrumentation error), report the value and the date and time of the subsequent vital sign collected.
- When there are multiple identical MAX values, report the first one after the patient's arrival to the hospital.
- Formatting:
- 1. Must be numeric to one decimal place (example 98.8)
- 2. Example:
 - a. 100.4°F should be reported as 100.4
 - b. 96°F should be reported as 96.0
 - c. 97.6°F should be reported as 97.6

Dataset Segment:	Severity Variables
Data Element Name:	SIRS Temperature Datetime 1
Template Variable:	sirs_temperature_dt_1
Format – Length:	Datetime – 16
Mandatory:	Yes

Indicates the date and time of the first temperature value collected after the patient's arrival to the hospital.

Dataset Segment:	Severity Variables
Data Element Name:	SIRS Temperature Datetime 2
Template Variable:	sirs_temperature_dt_2
Format – Length:	Datetime – 16
Mandatory:	<mark>Yes</mark>

Description:

Indicates the date and time of the second temperature value collected after the patient's arrival to the hospital.

Dataset Segment:	Severity Variables
Data Element Name:	SIRS Temperature Datetime 3
Template Variable:	sirs_temperature_dt_3
Format – Length:	Datetime – 16
Mandatory:	<mark>Yes</mark>

Description:

Indicates the date and time of the third temperature value collected after the patient's arrival to the hospital.

Dataset Segment:	Severity Variables
Data Element Name:	SIRS Temperature Datetime Max
Template Variable:	sirs_temperature_dt_max
Format – Length:	Datetime – 16
Mandatory:	<mark>Yes</mark>

Indicates the date and time of the first maximum temperature value collected after the patient's arrival to the hospital.

Codes and Values:

Enter the Temperature Datetimes.

Notes for Abstraction:

- Temperature Datetimes are mandatory. In rare instances, when values are truly unattainable from the EHR, report missing values as blank.
- If any Temperature is reported then the datetime for the Temperature value should be reported. For example, if *SIRS Temperature 2* has a value, then *SIRS Temperature Datetime 2* should not be blank.
- For all vital signs (i.e., diastolic pressure, systolic pressure, heart rate, respiratory rate, temperature), if the initial vital sign collected was invalid or determined questionable (e.g., instrumentation error), report the value and the date and time of the subsequent vital sign collected.
- When there are multiple identical MAX values, report the first one after the patient's arrival to the hospital.

Formatting:

- 1. Format must be YYYY-MM-DD hh:mm
 - a. YYYY-MM-DDThh:mm is also valid
- 2. YYYY = four-digit year

MM = two-digit month (01 = January, etc.)

DD = two-digit day of month (01 through 31)

hh = two digits of hour (00 through 23) (am/pm NOT allowed)

mm = two digits of minute (00 through 59)

- 3. Example: 11:42 pm November 3, 1959 = 1959-11-03 23:42
 - a. 1959-11-03T23:42 is also valid
- 4. Midnight = 00:00, **NOT** 24:00

Dataset Segment:	Severity Variables
Data Element Name:	Systolic First
Template Variable:	systolic_1
Format – Length:	Number – 3
Mandatory:	Yes

Indicates the patient's first systolic blood pressure collected after the patient's arrival to the hospital.

Dataset Segment:	Severity Variables
Data Element Name:	Systolic Second
Template Variable:	systolic_2
Format – Length:	Number – 3
Mandatory:	<mark>Yes</mark>

Description:

Indicate the patient's second systolic blood pressure collected after the patient's arrival to the hospital.

Dataset Segment:	Severity Variables
Data Element Name:	Systolic Third
Template Variable:	systolic_3
Format – Length:	Number – 3
Mandatory:	<mark>Yes</mark>

Description:

Indicate the patient's third systolic blood pressure collected after the patient's arrival to the hospital.

Dataset Segment:	Severity Variables
Data Element Name:	Systolic Min
Template Variable:	systolic_min
Format – Length:	Number – 3
Mandatory:	<mark>Yes</mark>

Indicates the patient's first minimum systolic blood pressure collected after the patient's arrival to the hospital.

Codes and Values:

Enter the actual Systolic Values.

Notes for Abstraction:

- Systolic values are mandatory. In rare instances, when values are truly unattainable from the EHR, report missing values as blank.
- If any Systolic is reported then the datetime for the Systolic value should be reported. For
 example, if Systolic Second has a value, then Systolic Second Datetime 2 should not be
 blank.
- For all vital signs (i.e., diastolic pressure, systolic pressure, heart rate, respiratory rate, temperature), if the initial vital sign collected was invalid or determined questionable (e.g., instrumentation error), report the value and the date and time of the subsequent vital sign collected.
- When there are multiple identical MIN values, report the first one after the patient's arrival to the hospital.
- If the blood pressure is measured as mean arterial pressure (MAP), report the subsequent blood pressure measured as systolic/diastolic pressures.
- Hospitals may report blood pressure reading obtained by either blood pressure cuff or arterial line.
- Formatting:
- Format must be a number up to 3 digits.
 - 1. Example:
 - a. Systolic blood pressure 80mm Hg should be reported as 80
 - b. Systolic blood pressure 112 Hg should be reported as 112

Dataset Segment:	Severity Variables
Data Element Name:	Systolic First Datetime 1
Template Variable:	systolic_dt_1
Format – Length:	Datetime – 16
Mandatory:	Yes

Indicates the date and time of the first systolic blood pressure collected after the patient's arrival to the hospital.

Dataset Segment:	Severity Variables
Data Element Name:	Systolic Second Datetime 2
Template Variable:	systolic _dt_2
Format – Length:	Datetime – 16
Mandatory:	<mark>Yes</mark>

Description:

Indicates the date and time of the second systolic blood pressure collected after the patient's arrival to the hospital.

Dataset Segment:	Severity Variables	
Data Element Name:	Systolic Third Datetime 3	
Template Variable:	systolic_dt_3	
Format – Length:	Datetime – 16	
Mandatory:	<mark>Yes</mark>	

Description:

Indicates the date and time of the third systolic blood pressure collected after the patient's arrival to the hospital.

Dataset Segment:	Severity Variables	
Data Element Name:	Systolic Datetime Min	
Template Variable:	systolic_dt_min	
Format – Length:	Datetime – 16	
Mandatory:	<mark>Yes</mark>	

Indicates the date and time of the first minimum systolic blood pressure collected after the patient's arrival to the hospital.

Codes and Values:

Enter the Systolic Datetimes.

Notes for Abstraction:

- Systolic Datetimes are mandatory. In rare instances, when values are truly unattainable from the EHR, report missing values as blank.
- If any Systolic is reported then the datetime for the Systolic value should be reported. For
 example, if Systolic Second has a value, then Systolic Second Datetime 2 cannot be left
 blank.
- For all vital signs (i.e., diastolic pressure, systolic pressure, heart rate, respiratory rate, temperature), if the initial vital sign collected was invalid or determined questionable (e.g., instrumentation error), report the value and the date and time of the subsequent vital sign collected.
- When there are multiple identical MIN values, report the first one after the patient's arrival to the hospital.
- If the blood pressure is measured as mean arterial pressure (MAP), report the subsequent blood pressure measured as systolic/diastolic pressures.
- Hospitals may report blood pressure reading obtained by either blood pressure cuff or arterial line.
- Formatting:
 - 1. Format must be YYYY-MM-DD hh:mm
 - a. YYYY-MM-DDThh:mm is also valid
 - 2. YYYY = four-digit year

```
MM = two-digit month (01 = January, etc.)
```

DD = two-digit day of month (01 through 31)

hh = two digits of hour (00 through 23) (am/pm NOT allowed)

mm = two digits of minute (00 through 59)

- 3. Example: 11:42 pm November 3, 1959 = 1959-11-03 23:42
 - a. 1959-11-03T23:42 is also valid
- 4. Midnight = 00:00, **NOT** 24:00

Change Log

Version D1.1

- Changes from version D1.0 to D1.1 are highlighted in yellow. Of note, minor grammar edits
 and font/format changes made for consistency purposes have not been highlighted.
- Modified paragraph on hospital transfer in the Key point to remember during data extraction page of the data dictionary.
- Added sentence to the first paragraph of the *Inclusion Definition* page of the data dictionary.
- Removed "(POA)" from the Dataset Segment "Comorbidity/Risk Factor (POA) Variables."
- Added "(POA)" to the applicable Data Element Name of the Comorbidity/Risk Factor Variables and updated the Description/Notes of Abstraction of these variables.
- Changed mandatory status from "No" to "Yes" and updated the Description/Notes of abstraction, allowing for blanks to be submitted for missing data for these variables:
 - o Other Payer
 - Transfer Facility Identifier Receiving
 - Transfer Facility Identifier Sending
 - o Transfer Facility Name Receiving
 - Transfer Facility Name Sending
 - o aPTT 1, 2, 3, Max and corresponding Datetimes
 - o Bilirubin Arrival, Max and corresponding Datetimes
 - Creatinine Arrival, Max and corresponding Datetimes
 - o Diastolic Second, Third, Min and corresponding Datetimes
 - o INR 1, 2, 3, Max and corresponding Datetimes
 - Lactate Level 1, 2, 3, Max and corresponding Datetimes
 - Platelets 1, 2, 3, Min and corresponding Datetimes
 - SIRS Heart Rate 2, 3, Max and corresponding Datetimes
 - SIRS Leukocyte Arrival, Min, Max and corresponding Datetimes
 - SIRS Respiratory Rate 2, 3, Max and corresponding Datetimes
 - SIRS Temperature 2, 3, Max and corresponding Datetimes
 - Systolic Second, Third, Min and corresponding Datetimes
- Updated the Notes of Abstraction, allowing for blanks to be submitted for missing data for these mandatory variables:
 - o Insurance Number
 - Patient Zip Code of Residence
 - Diastolic First and corresponding Datetime
 - SIRS Heart Rate 1 and corresponding Datetime
 - SIRS Respiratory Rate 1 and corresponding Datetime
 - SIRS Temperature 1 and corresponding Datetime
 - Systolic First and corresponding Datetime
- Modified the Format Length of the following variables:

- Acute Cardiovascular Conditions (POA)
- History of Other Cardiovascular Disease
- Patient Care Considerations
- Cardiovascular Outcomes at Discharge
- Cardiovascular Outcomes in Hospital
- Neurological Outcome
- Modified the name of the Dataset Segment from "during hospitalization" to "in hospital" for the treatment and outcome variables.
- Updated the Description and the Notes of Abstraction for all Comorbidity/Risk Factor Variables
 - Added: "Source is not limited to the billing codes. This information can be obtained from other EHR sources, such as the problem list, medical history, tests/labs, etc."
- Modified the Codes and Values of Skin Disorders/Burns (POA)
- Updated the Notes of Abstraction for correction of typo/clarification on these variables:
 - Unique Personal Identifier
 - Patient Care Considerations and Date
 - o Pregnancy Status During Hospitalization
 - o **ECMO**
 - o IVIG
 - Mechanical Ventilation Treatment
 - Non-Invasive Positive Pressure Ventilation
 - Diastolic First, Diastolic Second, Diastolic Third, Diastolic Min, and corresponding Datetimes
 - Lactate Level 1/2/3/Max
 - o Platelets 1/2/3/Min
 - SIRS Leukocyte Arrival/Min/Max
 - Systolic First, Systolic Second, Systolic Third, Systolic Min, and corresponding Datetimes
- The name of the appendices with "ICD-10 CM" spelling was corrected:
 - o Added hyphen: "ICD-10 CM" corrected to "ICD-10-CM"
- The names of the appendices under Comorbidity/Risk Factor were changed:
 - o Removed "(POA)" to the name
- The name of the following appendix was changed:
 - O Appendix 5B: Removed "Outcome" from the name
- The ICD-10 CM codes of the following appendices were updated:
 - Appendix 1P: Immunocompromising Comorbidity / Risk Factor ICD-10-CM Codes
 Revised name:

M3500	Sjogren syndrome, unspecified
M3501	Sjogren syndrome with keratoconjunctivitis
M3502	Sjogren syndrome with lung involvement
M3503	Sjogren syndrome with myopathy
M3504	Sjogren syndrome with tubulo-interstitial nephropathy
M3509	Sjogren syndrome with other organ involvement

Added:	
D8944	Hereditary alpha tryptasemia

M3110	Thrombotic microangiopathy, unspecified
M3111	Hematpoetc stem cell txpltation-assoc throm microangiopathy
M3119	Thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura
M3505	Sjogren syndrome with inflammatory arthritis
M3506	Sjogren syndrome with peripheral nervous system involvement
M3507	Sjogren syndrome with central nervous system involvement
M3508	Sjogren syndrome with gastrointestinal involvement
M350A	Sjogren syndrome with glomerular disease
M350B	Sjogren syndrome with vasculitis
M350C	Sjogren syndrome with dental involvement
M45A0	Non-radiographic axial spondyloarthritis unsp site in spin
M45A1	Non-radiographic axial spondyloarthritis occipt-atlan-ax
M45A2	Non-radiographic axial spondyloarthritis of cervical region
M45A3	Non-radiographic axial spondyloarthritis of cervicothor
M45A4	Non-radiographic axial spondyloarthritis of thoracic region
M45A5	Non-radiographic axial spondyloarthritis of thrclm region
M45A6	Non-radiographic axial spondyloarthritis of lumbar spondyloarthritis of lumbosacr region
M45AB	Non-radiographic axial spondyloarthritis mult site in spine

Appendix 1S: Medication Anticoagulant Added:

55154770300 C	COUMADIN	warfarin sodium	TABLET	2.5	mg/1
----------------------	----------	-----------------	--------	-----	------

Appendix 1T: Medication Immune Modifying Added:

51672406201	Fluorouracil	Fluorouracil	SOLUTION	20	mg/mL
51672406301	Fluorouracil	Fluorouracil	SOLUTION	50	mg/mL
	Neuromaquel Neuroma/Anti-	DEXAMETHASONE SODIUM			
70529011201	Inflammatory System	PHOSPHATE	KIT		

• Appendix 1U: Metastatic Cancer Comorbidity / Risk Factor ICD-10-CM Codes Added:

C7963	Secondary malignant neoplasm of bilateral ovaries
-------	---

- Appendix 1AE: Skin Disorders Disease Comorbidity/ Risk Factor (POA) ICD-10-CM Codes
 - o Added column: Subcategory

Removed:

T2600XA	Burn of unspecified eyelid and periocular area, initial encounter
T2600XD	Burn of unspecified eyelid and periocular area, subsequent encounter
T2600XS	Burn of unspecified eyelid and periocular area, sequela
T2601XA	Burn of right eyelid and periocular area, initial encounter
T2601XD	Burn of right eyelid and periocular area, subsequent encounter
T2601XS	Burn of right eyelid and periocular area, sequela
T2602XA	Burn of left eyelid and periocular area, initial encounter
T2602XD	Burn of left eyelid and periocular area, subsequent encounter
T2602XS	Burn of left eyelid and periocular area, sequela

T2610XA	Burn of cornea and conjunctival sac, unspecified eye, initial encounter
T2610XD	Burn of cornea and conjunctival sac, unspecified eye, subsequent encounter
T2610XS	Burn of cornea and conjunctival sac, unspecified eye, sequela
T2611XA	Burn of cornea and conjunctival sac, right eye, initial encounter
T2611XD	Burn of cornea and conjunctival sac, right eye, subsequent encounter
T2611XS	Burn of cornea and conjunctival sac, right eye, sequela
T2612XA	Burn of cornea and conjunctival sac, left eye, initial encounter
T2612XD	Burn of cornea and conjunctival sac, left eye, subsequent encounter
T2612XS	Burn of cornea and conjunctival sac, left eye, sequela
T2620XA	Burn with resulting rupture and destruction of unspecified eyeball, initial encounter
T2620XD	Burn with resulting rupture and destruction of unspecified eyeball, subsequent encounter
T2620XS	Burn with resulting rupture and destruction of unspecified eyeball, sequela
T2621XA	Burn with resulting rupture and destruction of right eyeball, initial encounter
T2621XD	Burn with resulting rupture and destruction of right eyeball, subsequent encounter
T2621XS	Burn with resulting rupture and destruction of right eyeball, sequela
T2622XA	Burn with resulting rupture and destruction of left eyeball, initial encounter
T2622XD	Burn with resulting rupture and destruction of left eyeball, subsequent encounter
T2622XS	Burn with resulting rupture and destruction of left eyeball, sequela
T2630XA	Burns of other specified parts of unspecified eye and adnexa, initial encounter
T2630XD	Burns of other specified parts of unspecified eye and adnexa, subsequent encounter
T2630XS	Burns of other specified parts of unspecified eye and adnexa, sequela
T2631XA	Burns of other specified parts of right eye and adnexa, initial encounter
T2631XD	Burns of other specified parts of right eye and adnexa, subsequent encounter
T2631XS	Burns of other specified parts of right eye and adnexa, sequela
T2632XA	Burns of other specified parts of left eye and adnexa, initial encounter
T2632XD	Burns of other specified parts of left eye and adnexa, subsequent encounter
T2632XS	Burns of other specified parts of left eye and adnexa, sequela
T2640XA	Burn of unspecified eye and adnexa, part unspecified, initial encounter
T2640XD	Burn of unspecified eye and adnexa, part unspecified, subsequent encounter
T2640XS	Burn of unspecified eye and adnexa, part unspecified, sequela
T2641XA	Burn of right eye and adnexa, part unspecified, initial encounter
T2641XD	Burn of right eye and adnexa, part unspecified, subsequent encounter
T2641XS	Burn of right eye and adnexa, part unspecified, sequela
T2642XA	Burn of left eye and adnexa, part unspecified, initial encounter
T2642XD	Burn of left eye and adnexa, part unspecified, subsequent encounter
T2642XS	Burn of left eye and adnexa, part unspecified, sequela
T2650XA	Corrosion of unspecified eyelid and periocular area, initial encounter
T2650XD	Corrosion of unspecified eyelid and periocular area, subsequent encounter
T2650XS	Corrosion of unspecified eyelid and periocular area, sequela
T2651XA	Corrosion of right eyelid and periocular area, initial encounter
T2651XD	Corrosion of right eyelid and periocular area, subsequent encounter
T2651XS	Corrosion of right eyelid and periocular area, sequela

T2652XA	Corrosion of left eyelid and periocular area, initial encounter
T2652XD	Corrosion of left eyelid and periocular area, subsequent encounter
T2652XS	Corrosion of left eyelid and periocular area, sequela
T2660XA	Corrosion of cornea and conjunctival sac, unspecified eye, initial encounter
T2660XD	Corrosion of cornea and conjunctival sac, unspecified eye, subsequent encounter
T2660XS	Corrosion of cornea and conjunctival sac, unspecified eye, sequela
T2661XA	Corrosion of cornea and conjunctival sac, right eye, initial encounter
T2661XD	Corrosion of cornea and conjunctival sac, right eye, subsequent encounter
T2661XS	Corrosion of cornea and conjunctival sac, right eye, sequela
T2662XA	Corrosion of cornea and conjunctival sac, left eye, initial encounter
T2662XD	Corrosion of cornea and conjunctival sac, left eye, subsequent encounter
T2662XS	Corrosion of cornea and conjunctival sac, left eye, sequela
T2670XA	Corrosion with resulting rupture and destruction of unspecified eyeball, initial encounter
T2670XD	Corrosion with resulting rupture and destruction of unspecified eyeball, subsequent encounter
T2670XS	Corrosion with resulting rupture and destruction of unspecified eyeball, sequela
T2671XA	Corrosion with resulting rupture and destruction of right eyeball, initial encounter
T2671XD	Corrosion with resulting rupture and destruction of right eyeball, subsequent encounter
T2671XS	Corrosion with resulting rupture and destruction of right eyeball, sequela
T2672XA	Corrosion with resulting rupture and destruction of left eyeball, initial encounter
T2672XD	Corrosion with resulting rupture and destruction of left eyeball, subsequent encounter
T2672XS	Corrosion with resulting rupture and destruction of left eyeball, sequela
T2680XA	Corrosions of other specified parts of unspecified eye and adnexa, initial encounter
T2680XD	Corrosions of other specified parts of unspecified eye and adnexa, subsequent encounter
T2680XS	Corrosions of other specified parts of unspecified eye and adnexa, sequela
T2681XA	Corrosions of other specified parts of right eye and adnexa, initial encounter
T2681XD	Corrosions of other specified parts of right eye and adnexa, subsequent encounter
T2681XS	Corrosions of other specified parts of right eye and adnexa, sequela
T2682XA	Corrosions of other specified parts of left eye and adnexa, initial encounter
T2682XD	Corrosions of other specified parts of left eye and adnexa, subsequent encounter
T2682XS	Corrosions of other specified parts of left eye and adnexa, sequela
T2690XA	Corrosion of unspecified eye and adnexa, part unspecified, initial encounter
T2690XD	Corrosion of unspecified eye and adnexa, part unspecified, subsequent encounter
T2690XS	Corrosion of unspecified eye and adnexa, part unspecified, sequela
T2691XA	Corrosion of right eye and adnexa, part unspecified, initial encounter
T2691XD	Corrosion of right eye and adnexa, part unspecified, subsequent encounter
T2691XS	Corrosion of right eye and adnexa, part unspecified, sequela
T2692XA	Corrosion of left eye and adnexa, part unspecified, initial encounter
T2692XD	Corrosion of left eye and adnexa, part unspecified, subsequent encounter
T2692XS	Corrosion of left eye and adnexa, part unspecified, sequela
T270XXA	Burn of larynx and trachea, initial encounter
T270XXD	Burn of larynx and trachea, subsequent encounter
T270XXS	Burn of larynx and trachea, sequela

T271XXA	Burn involving larynx and trachea with lung, initial encounter					
T271XXD	Burn involving larynx and trachea with lung, subsequent encounter					
T271XXS	Burn involving larynx and trachea with lung, sequela					
T272XXA	Burn of other parts of respiratory tract, initial encounter					
T272XXD	Burn of other parts of respiratory tract, subsequent encounter					
T272XXS	Burn of other parts of respiratory tract, sequela					
T273XXA	Burn of respiratory tract, part unspecified, initial encounter					
T273XXD	Burn of respiratory tract, part unspecified, subsequent encounter					
T273XXS	Burn of respiratory tract, part unspecified, sequela					
T274XXA	Corrosion of larynx and trachea, initial encounter					
T274XXD	Corrosion of larynx and trachea, subsequent encounter					
T274XXS	Corrosion of larynx and trachea, sequela					
T275XXA	Corrosion involving larynx and trachea with lung, initial encounter					
T275XXD	Corrosion involving larynx and trachea with lung, subsequent encounter					
T275XXS	Corrosion involving larynx and trachea with lung, sequela					
T276XXA	Corrosion of other parts of respiratory tract, initial encounter					
T276XXD	Corrosion of other parts of respiratory tract, subsequent encounter					
T276XXS	Corrosion of other parts of respiratory tract, sequela					
T277XXA	Corrosion of respiratory tract, part unspecified, initial encounter					
T277XXD	Corrosion of respiratory tract, part unspecified, subsequent encounter					
T277XXS	Corrosion of respiratory tract, part unspecified, sequela					
T280XXA	Burn of mouth and pharynx, initial encounter					
T280XXD	Burn of mouth and pharynx, subsequent encounter					
T280XXS	Burn of mouth and pharynx, sequela					
T281XXA	Burn of esophagus, initial encounter					
T281XXD	Burn of esophagus, subsequent encounter					
T281XXS	Burn of esophagus, sequela					
T282XXA	Burn of other parts of alimentary tract, initial encounter					
T282XXD	Burn of other parts of alimentary tract, subsequent encounter					
T282XXS	Burn of other parts of alimentary tract, sequela					
T283XXA	Burn of internal genitourinary organs, initial encounter					
T283XXD	Burn of internal genitourinary organs, subsequent encounter					
T283XXS	Burn of internal genitourinary organs, sequela					
T2840XA	Burn of unspecified internal organ, initial encounter					
T2840XD	Burn of unspecified internal organ, subsequent encounter					
T2840XS	Burn of unspecified internal organ, sequela					
T28411A	Burn of right ear drum, initial encounter					
T28411D	Burn of right ear drum, subsequent encounter					
T28411S	Burn of right ear drum, sequela					
T28412A	Burn of left ear drum, initial encounter					
T28412D	Burn of left ear drum, subsequent encounter					
T28412S	Burn of left ear drum, sequela					

	-				
T28419A	Burn of unspecified ear drum, initial encounter				
T28419D	Burn of unspecified ear drum, subsequent encounter				
T28419S	Burn of unspecified ear drum, sequela				
T2849XA	Burn of other internal organ, initial encounter				
T2849XD	Burn of other internal organ, subsequent encounter				
T2849XS	Burn of other internal organ, sequela				
T285XXA	Corrosion of mouth and pharynx, initial encounter				
T285XXD	Corrosion of mouth and pharynx, subsequent encounter				
T285XXS	Corrosion of mouth and pharynx, sequela				
T286XXA	Corrosion of esophagus, initial encounter				
T286XXD	Corrosion of esophagus, subsequent encounter				
T286XXS	Corrosion of esophagus, sequela				
T287XXA	Corrosion of other parts of alimentary tract, initial encounter				
T287XXD	Corrosion of other parts of alimentary tract, subsequent encounter				
T287XXS	Corrosion of other parts of alimentary tract, sequela				
T288XXA	Corrosion of internal genitourinary organs, initial encounter				
T288XXD	Corrosion of internal genitourinary organs, subsequent encounter				
T288XXS	Corrosion of internal genitourinary organs, sequela				
T2890XA	Corrosions of unspecified internal organs, initial encounter				
T2890XD	Corrosions of unspecified internal organs, subsequent encounter				
T2890XS	Corrosions of unspecified internal organs, sequela				
T28911A	Corrosions of right ear drum, initial encounter				
T28911D	Corrosions of right ear drum, subsequent encounter				
T28911S	Corrosions of right ear drum, sequela				
T28912A	Corrosions of left ear drum, initial encounter				
T28912D	Corrosions of left ear drum, subsequent encounter				
T28912S	Corrosions of left ear drum, sequela				
T28919A	Corrosions of unspecified ear drum, initial encounter				
T28919D	Corrosions of unspecified ear drum, subsequent encounter				
T28919S	Corrosions of unspecified ear drum, sequela				
T2899XA	Corrosions of other internal organs, initial encounter				
T2899XD	Corrosions of other internal organs, subsequent encounter				
T2899XS	Corrosions of other internal organs, sequela				

- Appendix 2E: Suspected Source of Infection Clinical ICD-10-CM Codes
 - \circ Reorganized the ICD-10-CM codes based on Subcategory assignment. Alphabetically organized by Subcategory.

Removed:

098211	11 Gonorrhea complicating pregnancy, first trimester Other infection		
098212	Gonorrhea complicating pregnancy, second trimester	Other infection	
098213	Gonorrhea complicating pregnancy, third trimester	Other infection	
O98219	Gonorrhea complicating pregnancy, unspecified trimester	Other infection	
09822	Gonorrhea complicating childbirth	Other infection	

pregnancy, first trimester Other infections with a predominantly sexual mode of transmission complicating pregnancy, second trimester Other infections with a predominantly sexual mode of transmission complicating pregnancy, third trimester Other infections with a predominantly sexual mode of transmission complicating pregnancy, third trimester Other infections with a predominantly sexual mode of transmission complicating pregnancy, unspecified trimester Other infections with a predominantly sexual mode of transmission complicating of the infection childbirth Other infections with a predominantly sexual mode of transmission complicating the puerperium Other infections with a predominantly sexual mode of transmission complicating the puerperium Other infection of transmission complicating the puerperium Other infection	O9823	Gonorrhea complicating the puerperium	Other infection	
Other infections with a predominantly sexual mode of transmission complicating pregnancy, second trimester Op8313 Other infections with a predominantly sexual mode of transmission complicating pregnancy, third trimester Op8319 Other infections with a predominantly sexual mode of transmission complicating pregnancy, unspecified trimester Op832 Other infections with a predominantly sexual mode of transmission complicating of their infection childbirth Op833 Other infections with a predominantly sexual mode of transmission complicating the childbirth Op834 Other infections with a predominantly sexual mode of transmission complicating the purperium Op8411 Viral hepatitis complicating pregnancy, first trimester Op8412 Viral hepatitis complicating pregnancy, second trimester Op8413 Viral hepatitis complicating pregnancy, unspecified trimester Op8414 Viral hepatitis complicating pregnancy, unspecified trimester Op8415 Viral hepatitis complicating pregnancy, unspecified trimester Other infection Op842 Viral hepatitis complicating pregnancy, first trimester Other infection Op843 Viral hepatitis complicating pregnancy, first trimester Other infection Op846 Viral hepatitis complicating pregnancy, unspecified trimester Other infection Op866 Protozoal diseases complicating pregnancy, third trimester Other infection Op866 Protozoal diseases complicating pregnancy, unspecified trimester Other infection Op866 Protozoal diseases complicating pregnancy, unspecified trimester Other infection Op867 Protozoal diseases complicating pregnancy, unspecified trimester Other infection Op867 Protozoal diseases complicating pregnancy, unspecified trimester Other infection Op867 Protozoal diseases complicating pregnancy, unspecified trimester Other infection Op867 Protozoal diseases complicating the puerperium Other infection Other infection Other infection Op867 Protozoal diseases complicating the puerperium Other infection Other infection Other infection Other infection Other infection Other infecti	098311	Other infections with a predominantly sexual mode of transmission complicating	Other infection	
pregnancy, second trimester Other infections with a predominantly sexual mode of transmission complicating pregnancy, third trimester Other infections with a predominantly sexual mode of transmission complicating pregnancy, unspecified trimester Other infections with a predominantly sexual mode of transmission complicating other infection childbirth Other infections with a predominantly sexual mode of transmission complicating other infection childbirth Other infections with a predominantly sexual mode of transmission complicating the puerperium Other infections with a predominantly sexual mode of transmission complicating the puerperium Other infections with a predominantly sexual mode of transmission complicating the puerperium Other infection other infection Other i		pregnancy, first trimester		
Other infections with a predominantly sexual mode of transmission complicating pregnancy, third trimester Op8319 Other infections with a predominantly sexual mode of transmission complicating pregnancy, unspecified trimester Op832 Other infections with a predominantly sexual mode of transmission complicating childbirth Op833 Other infections with a predominantly sexual mode of transmission complicating the puerperium Op8411 Viral hepatitis complicating pregnancy, first trimester Other infection Op8412 Viral hepatitis complicating pregnancy, second trimester Other infection Op8413 Viral hepatitis complicating pregnancy, third trimester Other infection Op8414 Viral hepatitis complicating pregnancy, unspecified trimester Other infection Op8419 Viral hepatitis complicating pregnancy, unspecified trimester Other infection Op842 Viral hepatitis complicating the puerperium Other infection Op843 Viral hepatitis complicating pregnancy, first trimester Other infection Op846 Viral hepatitis complicating pregnancy, first trimester Other infection Op866 Protozoal diseases complicating pregnancy, second trimester Other infection Op866 Protozoal diseases complicating pregnancy, third trimester Other infection Op866 Protozoal diseases complicating pregnancy, unspecified trimester Other infection Op867 Protozoal diseases complicating pregnancy, unspecified trimester Other infection Op868 Protozoal diseases complicating pregnancy, unspecified trimester Other infection Op869 Protozoal diseases complicating childbirth Other infection Op8711 Human immunodeficiency virus [HIV] disease complicating pregnancy, second trimester Other infection Op8712 Human immunodeficiency virus [HIV] disease complicating pregnancy, unspecified Other infection Op8713 Human immunodeficiency virus [HIV] disease complicating pregnancy, unspecified Other infection Op8714 Human immunodeficiency virus [HIV] disease complicating pregnancy, unspecified Other infection	098312	Other infections with a predominantly sexual mode of transmission complicating	Other infection	
D98319 Other infections with a predominantly sexual mode of transmission complicating pregnancy, unspecified trimester O9832 Other infections with a predominantly sexual mode of transmission complicating other infection childbirth O9833 Other infections with a predominantly sexual mode of transmission complicating the purperium other infection purperium other infection other infection purperium other infection other infectio				
Other infections with a predominantly sexual mode of transmission complicating pregnancy, unspecified trimester Other infections with a predominantly sexual mode of transmission complicating childbirth Other infections with a predominantly sexual mode of transmission complicating the puerperium Other infections with a predominantly sexual mode of transmission complicating the puerperium Other infection Oth	098313	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Other infection	
pregnancy, unspecified trimester Other infections with a predominantly sexual mode of transmission complicating childbirth Other infections with a predominantly sexual mode of transmission complicating the puerperium Other infections with a predominantly sexual mode of transmission complicating the puerperium Other infection Other infectio	000040		Otherinfestica	
Other infections with a predominantly sexual mode of transmission complicating childbirth Other infections with a predominantly sexual mode of transmission complicating the puerperium Osekl1 Viral hepatitis complicating pregnancy, first trimester Other infection Osekl1 Viral hepatitis complicating pregnancy, second trimester Other infection Osekl1 Viral hepatitis complicating pregnancy, third trimester Other infection Osekl1 Viral hepatitis complicating pregnancy, unspecified trimester Other infection Osekl2 Viral hepatitis complicating pregnancy, unspecified trimester Other infection Osekl2 Viral hepatitis complicating childbirth Other infection Osekl1 Protozoal diseases complicating pregnancy, first trimester Other infection Osekl2 Protozoal diseases complicating pregnancy, second trimester Other infection Osekl3 Protozoal diseases complicating pregnancy, third trimester Other infection Osekl4 Protozoal diseases complicating pregnancy, unspecified trimester Other infection Osekl4 Protozoal diseases complicating pregnancy, unspecified trimester Other infection Osekl4 Protozoal diseases complicating pregnancy, unspecified trimester Other infection Osekl4 Protozoal diseases complicating pregnancy, unspecified trimester Other infection Osekl4 Protozoal diseases complicating the puerperium Other infection Osekl4 Protozoal diseases complicating pregnancy, first trimester Other infection Osekl4 Protozoal diseases complicating pregnancy, first trimester Other infection Osekl4 Protozoal diseases complicating pregnancy, first trimester Other infection Osekl4 Protozoal diseases complicating pregnancy, direction Other infection Osekl4 Protozoal diseases complicating pregnancy, direction Other infection Osekl4 Protozoal diseases complicating pregn	098319		Other Infection	
childbirth Other infections with a predominantly sexual mode of transmission complicating the puerperium Osephal1 Viral hepatitis complicating pregnancy, first trimester Other infection Osephal2 Viral hepatitis complicating pregnancy, second trimester Other infection Osephal3 Viral hepatitis complicating pregnancy, third trimester Other infection	09832		Other infection	
Other infections with a predominantly sexual mode of transmission complicating the puerperium Other infection	03032	, , ,	Other infection	
puerperium Viral hepatitis complicating pregnancy, second trimester Other infection O98412 Viral hepatitis complicating pregnancy, second trimester Other infection O98413 Viral hepatitis complicating pregnancy, third trimester Other infection O98419 Viral hepatitis complicating pregnancy, unspecified trimester Other infection O9842 Viral hepatitis complicating childbirth Other infection O9843 Viral hepatitis complicating the puerperium Other infection O98611 Protozoal diseases complicating pregnancy, first trimester Other infection O98612 Protozoal diseases complicating pregnancy, second trimester Other infection O98613 Protozoal diseases complicating pregnancy, third trimester Other infection O98619 Protozoal diseases complicating pregnancy, unspecified trimester Other infection O9862 Protozoal diseases complicating childbirth Other infection O9863 Protozoal diseases complicating the puerperium Other infection O98711 Human immunodeficiency virus [HIV] disease complicating pregnancy, second trimester Other infection O98712 Human immunodeficiency virus [HIV] disease complicating pregnancy, third trimester Other infection O98719 Human immunodeficiency virus [HIV] disease complicating pregnancy, unspecified Other infection	O9833		Other infection	
Viral hepatitis complicating pregnancy, second trimester Other infection O98413 Viral hepatitis complicating pregnancy, third trimester Other infection O98419 Viral hepatitis complicating pregnancy, unspecified trimester Other infection O9842 Viral hepatitis complicating childbirth Other infection O9843 Viral hepatitis complicating the puerperium Other infection O98611 Protozoal diseases complicating pregnancy, first trimester Other infection O98612 Protozoal diseases complicating pregnancy, second trimester Other infection O98613 Protozoal diseases complicating pregnancy, unspecified trimester Other infection O98619 Protozoal diseases complicating pregnancy, unspecified trimester Other infection O9862 Protozoal diseases complicating the puerperium Other infection O98711 Human immunodeficiency virus [HIV] disease complicating pregnancy, second trimester Other infection O98712 Human immunodeficiency virus [HIV] disease complicating pregnancy, third trimester Other infection O98719 Human immunodeficiency virus [HIV] disease complicating pregnancy, unspecified Other infection				
Viral hepatitis complicating pregnancy, third trimester Other infection O98419 Viral hepatitis complicating pregnancy, unspecified trimester Other infection O9842 Viral hepatitis complicating childbirth Other infection O9843 Viral hepatitis complicating the puerperium Other infection O98611 Protozoal diseases complicating pregnancy, first trimester Other infection O98612 Protozoal diseases complicating pregnancy, second trimester Other infection O98613 Protozoal diseases complicating pregnancy, third trimester Other infection O98619 Protozoal diseases complicating pregnancy, unspecified trimester Other infection O9862 Protozoal diseases complicating childbirth Other infection O9863 Protozoal diseases complicating the puerperium Other infection O98711 Human immunodeficiency virus [HIV] disease complicating pregnancy, first trimester Other infection O98712 Human immunodeficiency virus [HIV] disease complicating pregnancy, third trimester Other infection O98713 Human immunodeficiency virus [HIV] disease complicating pregnancy, unspecified Trimester Other infection	098411	Viral hepatitis complicating pregnancy, first trimester	Other infection	
Viral hepatitis complicating pregnancy, unspecified trimester Other infection	O98412	Viral hepatitis complicating pregnancy, second trimester	Other infection	
Viral hepatitis complicating childbirth Other infection O9843 Viral hepatitis complicating the puerperium Other infection O98611 Protozoal diseases complicating pregnancy, first trimester Other infection O98612 Protozoal diseases complicating pregnancy, second trimester Other infection O98613 Protozoal diseases complicating pregnancy, third trimester Other infection O98619 Protozoal diseases complicating pregnancy, unspecified trimester Other infection O9862 Protozoal diseases complicating childbirth Other infection O9863 Protozoal diseases complicating the puerperium O98711 Human immunodeficiency virus [HIV] disease complicating pregnancy, first trimester O98712 Human immunodeficiency virus [HIV] disease complicating pregnancy, second trimester O98713 Human immunodeficiency virus [HIV] disease complicating pregnancy, third trimester Other infection O98719 Human immunodeficiency virus [HIV] disease complicating pregnancy, unspecified trimester Other infection	O98413	Viral hepatitis complicating pregnancy, third trimester	Other infection	
Viral hepatitis complicating the puerperium Other infection Protozoal diseases complicating pregnancy, first trimester Other infection Open Protozoal diseases complicating pregnancy, second trimester Other infection Open Protozoal diseases complicating pregnancy, third trimester Other infection Open Protozoal diseases complicating pregnancy, unspecified trimester Other infection Open Protozoal diseases complicating childbirth Other infection Open Protozoal diseases complicating the puerperium Other infection Open Protozoal diseases complicating pregnancy, first trimester Other infection Open Protozoal diseases complicating pregnancy, third trimester Other infection Open Protozoal diseases complicating pregnancy, third trimester Other infection Open Protozoal diseases complicating pregnancy, unspecified trimester Other infection Open Protozoal diseases complicating pregnancy, unspecified trimester Other infection Open Protozoal diseases complicating pregnancy, unspecified trimester Other infection Open Protozoal diseases complicating pregnancy, unspecified trimester Other infection Open Protozoal diseases complicating pregnancy, unspecified trimester Other infection Open Protozoal diseases complicating pregnancy, unspecified trimester Other infection Open Protozoal diseases complicating pregnancy, unspecified trimester Other infection Open Protozoal diseases complicating pregnancy, unspecified trimester Other infection Open Protozoal diseases complicating pregnancy, unspecified trimester Other infection Open Protozoal diseases complicating pregnancy, dirac trimester Other infection Other infection Open Protozoal diseases complic	O98419	Viral hepatitis complicating pregnancy, unspecified trimester	Other infection	
Protozoal diseases complicating pregnancy, first trimester Other infection Protozoal diseases complicating pregnancy, second trimester Other infection Protozoal diseases complicating pregnancy, third trimester Other infection Protozoal diseases complicating pregnancy, unspecified trimester Other infection Protozoal diseases complicating childbirth Other infection Protozoal diseases complicating the puerperium Other infection	O9842	Viral hepatitis complicating childbirth	Other infection	
Protozoal diseases complicating pregnancy, second trimester Other infection Op8613 Protozoal diseases complicating pregnancy, third trimester Other infection Op8619 Protozoal diseases complicating pregnancy, unspecified trimester Other infection Op862 Protozoal diseases complicating childbirth Other infection Op863 Protozoal diseases complicating the puerperium Other infection Op8711 Human immunodeficiency virus [HIV] disease complicating pregnancy, first trimester Other infection Op8712 Human immunodeficiency virus [HIV] disease complicating pregnancy, second trimester Op8713 Human immunodeficiency virus [HIV] disease complicating pregnancy, third trimester Other infection Op8719 Human immunodeficiency virus [HIV] disease complicating pregnancy, unspecified trimester Other infection Other infection Other infection Other infection Other infection	O9843	Viral hepatitis complicating the puerperium	Other infection	
Protozoal diseases complicating pregnancy, third trimester Other infection Op8619 Protozoal diseases complicating pregnancy, unspecified trimester Other infection Op862 Protozoal diseases complicating childbirth Other infection Op863 Protozoal diseases complicating the puerperium Other infection Op8711 Human immunodeficiency virus [HIV] disease complicating pregnancy, first trimester Other infection Op8712 Human immunodeficiency virus [HIV] disease complicating pregnancy, second trimester Other infection Op8713 Human immunodeficiency virus [HIV] disease complicating pregnancy, third trimester Other infection Op8719 Human immunodeficiency virus [HIV] disease complicating pregnancy, unspecified trimester Other infection Other infection Other infection Other infection	O98611	Protozoal diseases complicating pregnancy, first trimester	Other infection	
Protozoal diseases complicating pregnancy, unspecified trimester Other infection Open Protozoal diseases complicating childbirth Other infection Open Protozoal diseases complicating the puerperium Other infection Open Human immunodeficiency virus [HIV] disease complicating pregnancy, first trimester Other infection Open Human immunodeficiency virus [HIV] disease complicating pregnancy, second trimester Other infection Open Human immunodeficiency virus [HIV] disease complicating pregnancy, third trimester Other infection Open Human immunodeficiency virus [HIV] disease complicating pregnancy, unspecified trimester Other infection Other infection Other infection Other infection Other infection	O98612	Protozoal diseases complicating pregnancy, second trimester	Other infection	
Protozoal diseases complicating childbirth Other infection Op863 Protozoal diseases complicating the puerperium Other infection Op8711 Human immunodeficiency virus [HIV] disease complicating pregnancy, first trimester Other infection Op8712 Human immunodeficiency virus [HIV] disease complicating pregnancy, second trimester Other infection Op8713 Human immunodeficiency virus [HIV] disease complicating pregnancy, third trimester Other infection Op8719 Human immunodeficiency virus [HIV] disease complicating pregnancy, unspecified trimester Other infection Other infection Other infection Other infection	O98613	Protozoal diseases complicating pregnancy, third trimester	Other infection	
Protozoal diseases complicating the puerperium Other infection O98711 Human immunodeficiency virus [HIV] disease complicating pregnancy, first trimester Other infection O98712 Human immunodeficiency virus [HIV] disease complicating pregnancy, second trimester Other infection O98713 Human immunodeficiency virus [HIV] disease complicating pregnancy, third trimester O98719 Human immunodeficiency virus [HIV] disease complicating pregnancy, unspecified trimester O9872 Human immunodeficiency virus [HIV] disease complicating childbirth Other infection	O98619	Protozoal diseases complicating pregnancy, unspecified trimester	Other infection	
Human immunodeficiency virus [HIV] disease complicating pregnancy, first trimester Other infection Human immunodeficiency virus [HIV] disease complicating pregnancy, second trimester Other infection Human immunodeficiency virus [HIV] disease complicating pregnancy, third trimester Other infection Human immunodeficiency virus [HIV] disease complicating pregnancy, unspecified trimester Human immunodeficiency virus [HIV] disease complicating childbirth Other infection Other infection	O9862	Protozoal diseases complicating childbirth	Other infection	
D98712 Human immunodeficiency virus [HIV] disease complicating pregnancy, second trimester Other infection D98713 Human immunodeficiency virus [HIV] disease complicating pregnancy, third trimester Other infection D98719 Human immunodeficiency virus [HIV] disease complicating pregnancy, unspecified trimester D9872 Human immunodeficiency virus [HIV] disease complicating childbirth Other infection	O9863	Protozoal diseases complicating the puerperium	Other infection	
D98713 Human immunodeficiency virus [HIV] disease complicating pregnancy, third trimester Other infection D98719 Human immunodeficiency virus [HIV] disease complicating pregnancy, unspecified trimester D9872 Human immunodeficiency virus [HIV] disease complicating childbirth Other infection	O98711	Human immunodeficiency virus [HIV] disease complicating pregnancy, first trimester	Other infection	
D98719 Human immunodeficiency virus [HIV] disease complicating pregnancy, unspecified trimester D9872 Human immunodeficiency virus [HIV] disease complicating childbirth Other infection	098712	Human immunodeficiency virus [HIV] disease complicating pregnancy, second trimester	Other infection	
trimester D9872 Human immunodeficiency virus [HIV] disease complicating childbirth Other infection	098713	Human immunodeficiency virus [HIV] disease complicating pregnancy, third trimester	Other infection	
D9872 Human immunodeficiency virus [HIV] disease complicating childbirth Other infection	098719	Human immunodeficiency virus [HIV] disease complicating pregnancy, unspecified	Other infection	
D9873 Human immunodeficiency virus [HIV] disease complicating the puerperium Other infection	O9872	Human immunodeficiency virus [HIV] disease complicating childbirth	Other infection	
	O9873	Human immunodeficiency virus [HIV] disease complicating the puerperium	Other infection	

• Appendix 3F: Vasopressor Administration Treatment Medication and NDC Codes Added:

51662129001	ADRENALIN (EPINEPHRINE)	ADRENALIN (EPINEPHRINE)	INJECTION	1	mg/mL
51662129003	ADRENALIN (EPINEPHRINE)	ADRENALIN (EPINEPHRINE)	INJECTION	1	mg/mL
51662130701	ADRENALIN(R)	ADRENALIN(R)	INJECTION	1	mg/mL